

Supporting Information for

Deep learning based sub-seasonal precipitation and streamflow forecasting over the source region of the Yangtze River

Ningpeng Dong¹, Haoran Hao^{2,1}, Mingxiang Yang¹, Jianhui Wei³, Shiqin Xu⁴, Harald Kunstmann^{3,5,6}

¹State Key Laboratory of Simulation and Regulation of Water Cycle in River Basin, China Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research, Beijing, China

²State Key Laboratory of Hydraulic Engineering Intelligent Construction and Operation, Tianjin University, Tianjin 300072, China

³Institute of Meteorology and Climate Research (IMKIFU), Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Campus Alpine, Garmisch-Partenkirchen, Germany

⁴Hydrology, Agriculture and Land Observation (HALO) Laboratory, King Abdullah University of Science and Technology, Thuwal, Saudi Arabia

⁵Institute of Geography, University of Augsburg, Augsburg, Germany

⁶Centre for Climate Resilience, University of Augsburg, Augsburg, Germany

Correspondence to: H. Hao (1020205041@tju.edu.cn) and M. Yang (yangmx@iwhr.com)

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Text S1 Evaluation of temperature forecasts

By applying the delta bias correction method to the raw ECMWF forecasts, the mean absolute bias of temperature forecasts can be reduced by 0.15°C averaged over all lead times. In particular, delta improves the forecasts more remarkably (by 0.3°C) for lead times of less than 10 days, suggesting that delta method is able to effectively reduce the sub-seasonal ECMWF temperature forecasts.

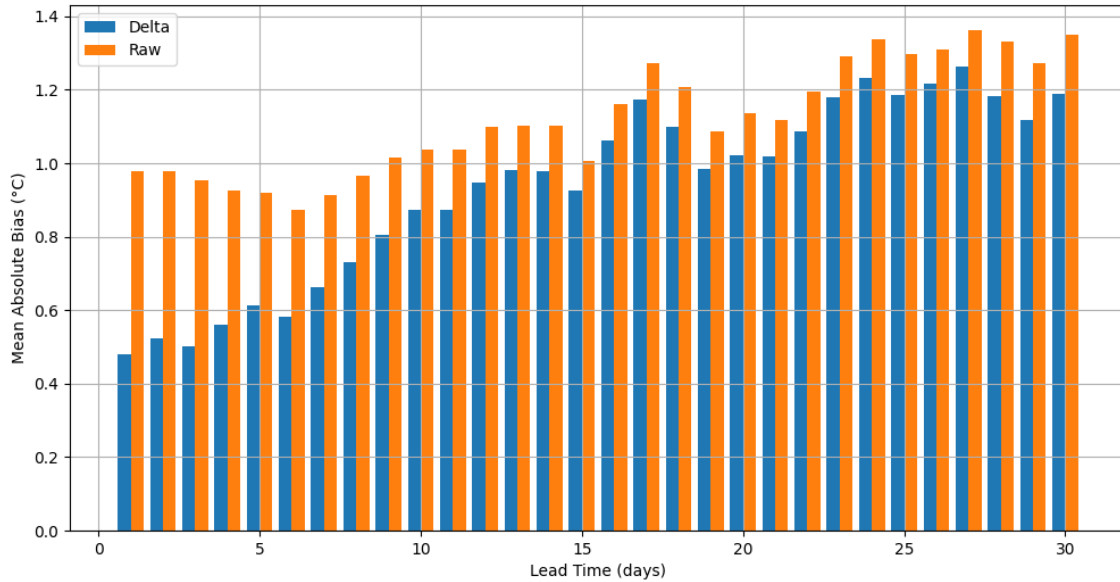


Figure S1. The mean absolute bias of temperature forecasts across lead times of 1-30 days.

Table S1. The hyperparameters in loss function of CNNs

Lead time	<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>
0~7 days	2	0.4
8~15 days	2	0.8
16~23 days	2	1.5
24~30 days	2	2

Table S2. The hyperparameters of hybrid hydrologic model

Hyperparameters	Value	Descriptions
Learning_rate	Epoch 0-30: 1e-2	Learning rate
	Epoch 31-40: 5e-3	
	Epoch 41-50: 1e-3	
Output_dropout	0.22	Dropout applied to the output of the LSTM
Seq_length	177	Length of input sequence
Hidden_size	21	Number of neurons in the hidden layer
initial_forget_bias	3	Initial value of the forget gate bias