Technical Note: revisiting the general calibration of cosmic-ray neutron sensors to estimate soil water content (SUPPLEMENT)

Maik Heistermann[1], Till Francke[1], Martin Schrön[2], and Sascha E. Oswald[1]

[1]Institute of Environmental Science and Geography, University of Potsdam, Karl-Liebknecht-Straße 24–25, 14476 Potsdam, Germany

[2]UFZ - Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research GmbH, Dep. Monitoring and Exploration Technologies, Permoserstr. 15, 04318, Leipzig, Germany

Correspondence: Maik Heistermann (maik.heistermann@uni-potsdam.de)

1 Partial derivatives

In this section, we provide the partial derivatives of θ^G (Eq. 2 in the technical note) and θ^L (Eq. 10 in the technical note). For the sake of comprehensibility, we will reproduce the underlying equations for θ^G and θ^L at the beginning of the following sub-sections.

5 ### 1.1 Partial derivatives of θ^G

The following is the equation for the general calibration function:

$$\theta^G(N) = \left(\frac{a_0}{f_p \cdot f_h \cdot f_{\text{in}} \cdot f_b \cdot f_s \cdot \frac{N}{N_0} - a_1} - a_2 - \theta_g^{\text{OM}} - \theta_g^{\text{LW}} \right) \cdot \frac{\rho_b}{\rho_w} \tag{1}$$

Assuming $f_p = f_h = f_{\text{in}} = 1$ and including Eqs. 6-9 from the technical note, the partial derivatives required for the error propagation result to the following:

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$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial N} = \frac{0.009^{-1} \cdot a_0 \cdot \rho_b \cdot (\text{AGB} - 0.009^{-1}) \cdot f_s \cdot N_0}{\rho_w \cdot (a_1 \cdot (\text{AGB} - 0.009^{-1}) \cdot N_0 + 0.009^{-1} \cdot f_s \cdot N)^2} \tag{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial N_0} = \frac{0.009^{-1} \cdot a_0 \cdot \rho_b \cdot (\text{AGB} - 0.009^{-1}) \cdot f_s \cdot N}{\rho_w \cdot (a_1 \cdot (\text{AGB} - 0.009^{-1}) \cdot N_0 + 0.009^{-1} \cdot f_s \cdot N)^2} \tag{3}$$

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial f_s} = \frac{0.009^{-1} \cdot a_0 \cdot \rho_b \cdot (\text{AGB} - 0.009^{-1}) \cdot N \cdot N_0}{\rho_w \cdot (a_1 \cdot (\text{AGB} - 0.009^{-1}) \cdot N_0 + 0.009^{-1} \cdot f_s \cdot N)^2} \tag{4}$$

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \text{AGB}} = \frac{0.009 \cdot a_0 \cdot \rho_b \cdot f_s \cdot N \cdot N_0}{(\rho_w \cdot (a_1 \cdot N_0 \cdot (0.009 \cdot \text{AGB} - 1) + f_s \cdot N)^2)} \tag{5}$$

$$\frac{\partial\theta}{\partial\rho_b} = \left(\frac{a_0}{\frac{f_s \cdot N}{N_0 \cdot (1-\text{AGB} \cdot 0.009)} - a_1} - a_2 - s \cdot 0.556 - \theta_g^{LW}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{\varrho_w} \tag{6}$$

$$\frac{\partial\theta}{\partial OM} = -0.556 \cdot \frac{\rho_b}{\rho_w} \tag{7}$$

$$\frac{\partial\theta}{\partial\theta_g^{LW}} = -\frac{\rho_b}{\rho_w} \tag{8}$$

1.2 Partial derivatives of θ^L

The following is the equation for the general calibration function:

$$\theta^L(N) = \left(a_0 \cdot \left(\frac{\tau \cdot N}{\tau_{\text{cal}} \cdot N_{\text{cal}}} \cdot \left(\frac{a_0}{\theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \frac{\rho_w}{\rho_b} + a_2} + a_1\right) - a_1\right)^{-1} - a_2\right) \cdot \frac{\rho_b}{\rho_w} \tag{9}$$

Assuming $\tau = \tau_{\text{cal}} = 1$, the partial derivatives required for the error propagation result to the following:

$$\frac{\partial\theta}{\partial N} = -\frac{a_0 \cdot \rho_b \cdot N_{\text{cal}} \cdot (a_2 \cdot \rho_b + \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w) \cdot (a_0 \cdot \rho_b + a_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot \rho_b + a_1 \cdot \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w)}{\rho_w \cdot (a_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot \rho_b \cdot (N_{\text{cal}} - N) - a_0 \cdot \rho_b \cdot N + a_1 \cdot \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w \cdot (N_{\text{cal}} - N))^2} \tag{10}$$

$$\frac{\partial\theta}{\partial N_{\text{cal}}} = \frac{a_0 \cdot \rho_b \cdot N \cdot (a_2 \cdot \rho_b + \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w) \cdot (a_0 \cdot \rho_b + a_2 \cdot a_1 \cdot \rho_b + a_1 \cdot \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w)}{\rho_w \cdot (a_1 \cdot (N - N_{\text{cal}}) \cdot (a_2 \cdot \rho_b + \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w) + a_0 \cdot \rho_b \cdot N)^2} \tag{11}$$

$$\frac{\partial\theta}{\partial\theta_{\text{cal}}} = \frac{a_0^2 \cdot \rho_b^2 \cdot N \cdot N_{\text{cal}}}{(a_1 \cdot (N - N_{\text{cal}}) \cdot (a_2 \cdot \rho_b + \rho_w \cdot \theta_{\text{cal}}) + a_0 \cdot \rho_b \cdot N)^2} \tag{12}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial\theta}{\partial\rho_b} = {}& \frac{1}{\rho_w \cdot (a_1 \cdot (N - N_{\text{cal}}) \cdot (a_2 \cdot \rho_b + \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w) + a_0 \cdot N \cdot \rho_b)^2} \cdot ((a_1 \cdot (N - N_{\text{cal}})(a_2 \cdot \rho_b + \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w) + a_0 \cdot N \cdot \rho_b) \\
& \cdot (a_0 \cdot N_{\text{cal}}(a_2 \cdot \rho_b + \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w) - a_2 \cdot (a_1 \cdot (N - N_{\text{cal}}) \cdot (a_2 \cdot \rho_b + \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w) + a_0 \cdot N \cdot \rho_b)) \\
& - a_0^2 \cdot N_{\text{cal}} \cdot N \cdot \theta_{\text{cal}} \cdot \rho_w \cdot \rho_b)
\end{aligned} \tag{13}$$