In this manuscript, authors developed a precipitation downscaling method based on a fine soil moisture product. It's an interesting topic to improve the spatial details of satellite-based precipitation. My comments are as follows.

1. As shown in figure 1, changes of soil moisture $\left(\frac{ds(t)}{dt}\right)$ significantly lagged behind precipitation events, but the authors didn't consider this scenario.

2. Methodology: to facilitate the description, I suggests adding an algorithm flowchart.

3. Is the air temperature (T_a) in eq. 4 time varying? The air temperature can be assumed to be the same in a small extent, but the temporal variation in temperature is inevitable and cannot be ignored.

4. The description of the residual correction in 3.23 (particularly for eq.9 and eq.10) is rather ambiguous and please check eq.9 again.

5. In section 3.3, the *i* in eq. 12 - 14 stands for station but in figure 7 the *i* seems stands for the sampling time/number.

6. Section 4.1: Does the soil moisture-based precipitation estimation model used in section 4.1 contain the residual correction?

7. Line 296 – 303: This paragraph can be combined in the section of method.

8. Please provide additional explanation to the meaning of the points shown in Figures 6 and 9, and provide a description of how to obtain the statistical metric (also for table 1 and table 2) since they contain both temporal and spatial information.