

Supplementary Information for:

Importance of spatial and depth-dependent drivers in groundwater level modeling through machine learning

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Table S1. Long-term spatial mean annual precipitation between 1985 and 2015.

Basin Name	Precipitation (mm/year)
Indus-Ganges-Brahmaputra-Meghna Basin (IGB-M)	~1140
Indus Basin (I)	~590
Ganges Basin (G)	~1030
Brahmaputra Basin (B)	~2240
Meghna Basin (M)	~2560

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Table S2. Statistics of groundwater abstraction per unit area (million m³/km²) in the year 2013.

	Annual Groundwater abstraction (million m³)	Area (km²)	Groundwater abstraction per unit area (million m³/km²)
Entire IGBM basin	194692.7	1151698.9	0.169
Indus basin	52012	94774	0.549
Ganges basin	117779.4	897072.7	0.131
Brahmaputra basin	5200	101017.2	0.052
Meghna basin	19701.2	58835	0.335

Table S3. Different data sources used in the study.

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Data type	Source	Spatial resolution	Temporal resolution
GWL data for India	Central Groundwater Board (CGWB), India	~14000 wells	1985 -2015
GWL data for Bangladesh	Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB), Bangladesh	~1300 wells	1985 -2015
Precipitation data for India	India Meteorological Department (IMD), India	0.25°×0.25°	1985 -2015
Precipitation data for Bangladesh	Climatic Research Unit (CRU TS v-4.01)	0.5°×0.5°	1985 -2015
Evapotranspiration data	Climatic Research Unit (CRU TS v-4.01)	0.5°×0.5°	1985 -2015
Temperature (max, min, mean) data for Bangladesh	Climatic Research Unit (CRU TS v-4.01)	0.5°×0.5°	1985 -2015

Temperature (max, min, mean) data for India	India Meteorological Department (IMD), India	1°×1°	1985 -2015
Population data	Palisades NY: NASA Socioeconomic Data and Applications Center (SEDAC), 2018	~ 5 km grids	2000, 2005, 2010, 2015
Groundwater withdrawals for India	Central Groundwater Board (CGWB), India; AQUASTAT, 2017; Minor irrigation, 2017	District level	2013
Groundwater withdrawals for India Bangladesh	Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB), Bangladesh; AQUASTAT, 2017		2013

Table S4: Summary of observation well number.

	Number of Shallow observation wells	Number of deep observation wells	Number of total observation wells
Indus basin	133	29	162
Ganges basin	1687	155	1842
Brahmaputra basin	164	3	167
Meghna basin	96	36	132
Entire IGBM basin	2080	223	2303

60 **Table S5.** Configurations for training and testing set, adapted to select the final split up of the dataset.

Configurations	Total data	Training Set	Testing Set
Configuration - 1	31 years (124 seasons)	5 Years (20 seasons)	26 Years (104 seasons)
Configuration - 2	31 years (124 seasons)	10 Years (40 seasons)	21 Years (84 seasons)
Configuration - 3	31 years (124 seasons)	15 Years (60 seasons)	16 Years (64 seasons)
Configuration - 4	31 years (124 seasons)	21 Years (84 seasons)	10 Years (40 seasons)
Configuration - 5	31 years (124 seasons)	26 Years (104 seasons)	5 Years (20 seasons)

Table S6. Basin-scale correlation coefficient (r) for the training stage

	Correlation coefficient (r)					
	Type A		Type B		Type C	
	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM
IGBM	0.998	1	0.998	1	0.994	0.998
IGBM SH	0.997	1	0.997	1	0.994	0.997
IGBM DP	0.985	0.998	0.987	0.999	0.979	0.992
I	0.882	0.989	0.84	0.993	0.843	0.924
I SH	0.876	0.991	0.852	0.996	0.862	0.959
I DP	0.858	0.937	0.863	0.973	0.794	0.858
G	0.997	1	0.998	1	0.995	0.998
G SH	0.997	1	0.997	1	0.995	0.998
G DP	0.983	0.998	0.985	0.999	0.978	0.994
B	0.951	0.998	0.964	0.999	0.93	0.992
B SH	0.951	0.997	0.962	0.999	0.939	0.99
B DP	0.945	0.997	0.958	0.998	0.914	0.977
M	0.937	0.997	0.955	0.998	0.871	0.995
M SH	0.933	0.996	0.954	0.999	0.865	0.994
M DP	0.948	0.994	0.943	0.998	0.911	0.967

Table S7. Basin-scale correlation coefficient (r) for the testing stage

	Correlation coefficient (r)					
	Type A		Type B		Type C	
	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM
IGBM	0.997	0.999	0.996	0.998	0.997	0.997
IGBM SH	0.997	0.998	0.996	0.998	0.998	0.997
IGBM DP	0.909	0.974	0.948	0.977	0.955	0.980
I	0.401	0.853	0.595	0.879	0.586	0.731
I SH	0.446	0.853	0.661	0.897	0.525	0.905
I DP	-0.079	0.645	0.119	0.595	0.099	-0.198
G	0.996	0.998	0.996	0.998	0.996	0.998
G SH	0.996	0.997	0.996	0.998	0.996	0.998
G DP	0.917	0.981	0.952	0.983	0.951	0.980
B	0.911	0.994	0.930	0.994	0.953	0.994
B SH	0.934	0.993	0.969	0.994	0.968	0.993
B DP	0.610	0.706	0.726	0.692	0.722	0.657
M	0.854	0.986	0.921	0.988	0.854	0.929
M SH	0.846	0.981	0.922	0.984	0.847	0.933
M DP	0.833	0.929	0.901	0.939	0.853	0.910

70 **Table S8.** Basin-scale Nash-Sutcliff efficiency (NSE) for the training stage

	Nash-Sutcliff efficiency (NSE)					
	Type A		Type B		Type C	
	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM
IGBM	0.99	0.999	0.992	0.999	0.911	0.97
IGBM SH	0.99	0.999	0.992	0.999	0.895	0.966
IGBM DP	0.942	0.996	0.951	0.997	0.954	0.979
I	0.611	0.975	0.573	0.984	0.667	0.797
I SH	0.679	0.982	0.663	0.99	0.692	0.903
I DP	0.691	0.872	0.724	0.943	-0.848	0.699
G	0.991	0.999	0.993	1	0.925	0.975
G SH	0.989	0.999	0.991	1	0.914	0.973
G DP	0.947	0.996	0.956	0.998	0.944	0.986
B	0.897	0.996	0.923	0.997	0.753	0.985
B SH	0.891	0.995	0.918	0.998	0.74	0.984
B DP	0.887	0.988	0.913	0.996	0.812	0.932
M	0.858	0.993	0.903	0.997	0.638	0.979
M SH	0.851	0.993	0.899	0.997	0.466	0.974
M DP	0.876	0.993	0.881	0.995	0.727	0.926

Table S9. Basin-scale Nash-Sutcliff efficiency (NSE) for the testing stage

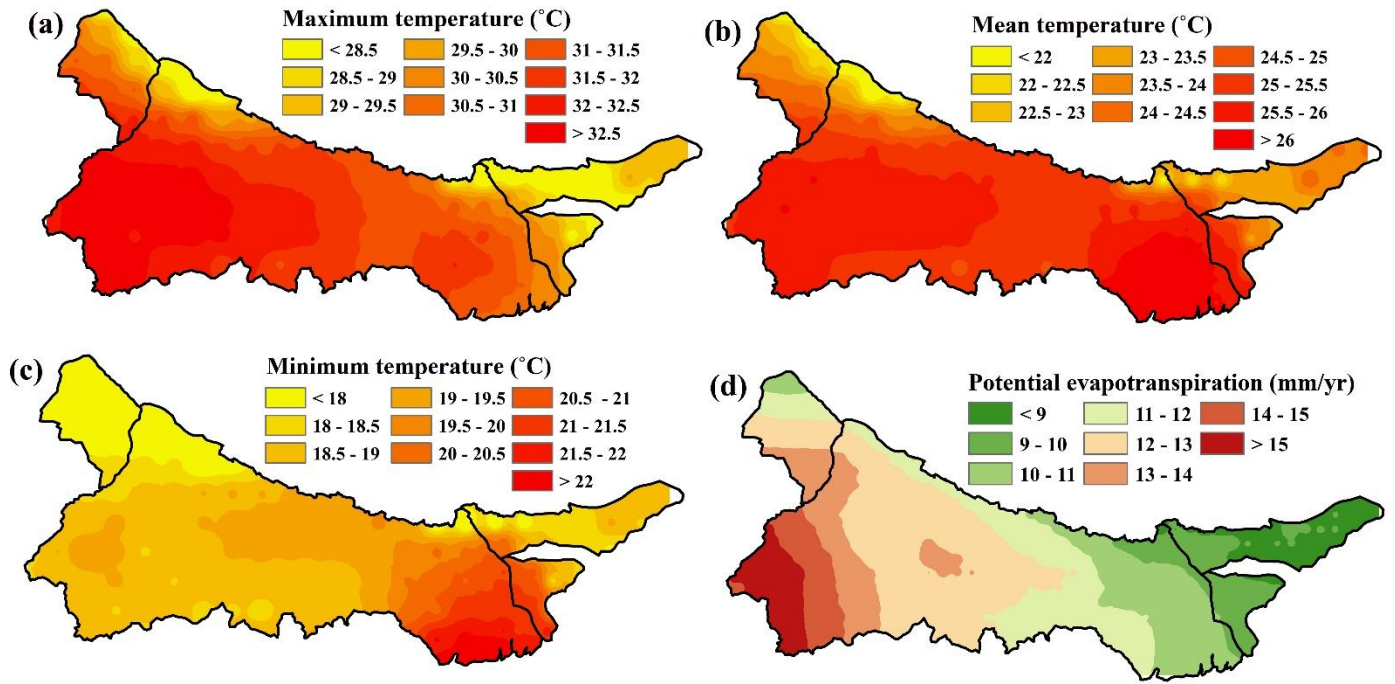
	Nash-Sutcliff efficiency (NSE)					
	Type A		Type B		Type C	
	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM
IGBM	0.980	0.964	0.985	0.983	0.906	0.936
IGBM SH	0.973	0.971	0.982	0.980	0.876	0.925
IGBM DP	0.738	0.942	0.837	0.949	0.805	0.902
I	-0.625	0.547	0.292	0.718	-0.045	-1.280
I SH	-1.421	0.195	0.307	0.267	-0.204	0.172
I DP	-0.533	0.186	-0.523	-0.096	-2.542	-0.860
G	0.978	0.964	0.984	0.980	0.913	0.957
G SH	0.975	0.973	0.982	0.980	0.903	0.957
G DP	0.829	0.960	0.868	0.965	0.792	0.917
B	0.824	0.976	0.940	0.986	0.719	0.986
B SH	0.841	0.983	0.924	0.987	0.706	0.986
B DP	0.360	0.427	0.515	0.440	0.441	0.410
M	0.700	0.961	0.858	0.962	0.504	0.948
M SH	0.686	0.957	0.843	0.964	0.286	0.940
M DP	0.393	0.714	0.763	0.753	0.471	0.602

75 **Table S10.** Normalized Root mean square error (RMSE_n) for the training stage

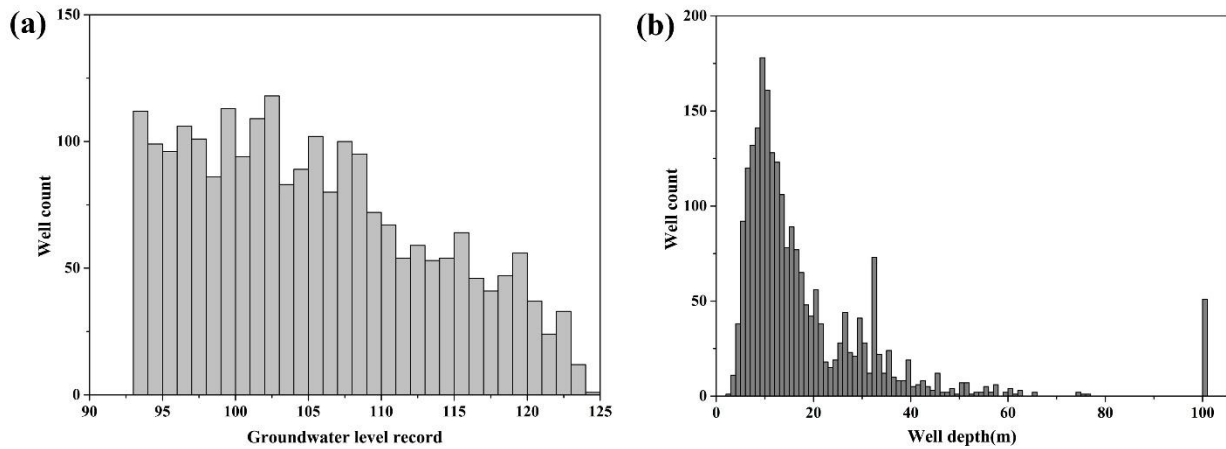
	Normalized Root mean square error (RMSE _n)					
	Type A		Type B		Type C	
	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM
IGBM	0.099	0.026	0.087	0.025	0.296	0.172
IGBM SH	0.1	0.026	0.089	0.025	0.321	0.185
IGBM DP	0.238	0.059	0.221	0.052	0.212	0.144
I	0.62	0.156	0.65	0.125	0.573	0.448
I SH	0.564	0.132	0.577	0.098	0.552	0.31
I DP	0.552	0.356	0.523	0.237	1.351	0.545
G	0.093	0.028	0.083	0.022	0.272	0.156
G SH	0.104	0.027	0.093	0.022	0.291	0.165
G DP	0.229	0.063	0.208	0.049	0.235	0.117
B	0.319	0.066	0.275	0.051	0.494	0.123
B SH	0.329	0.071	0.285	0.048	0.431	0.127
B DP	0.334	0.08	0.293	0.061	0.507	0.259
M	0.375	0.081	0.31	0.056	0.598	0.143
M SH	0.384	0.083	0.316	0.057	0.519	0.161
M DP	0.35	0.109	0.343	0.07	0.726	0.27

Table S11. Normalized Root mean square error (RMSE_n) for the testing stage

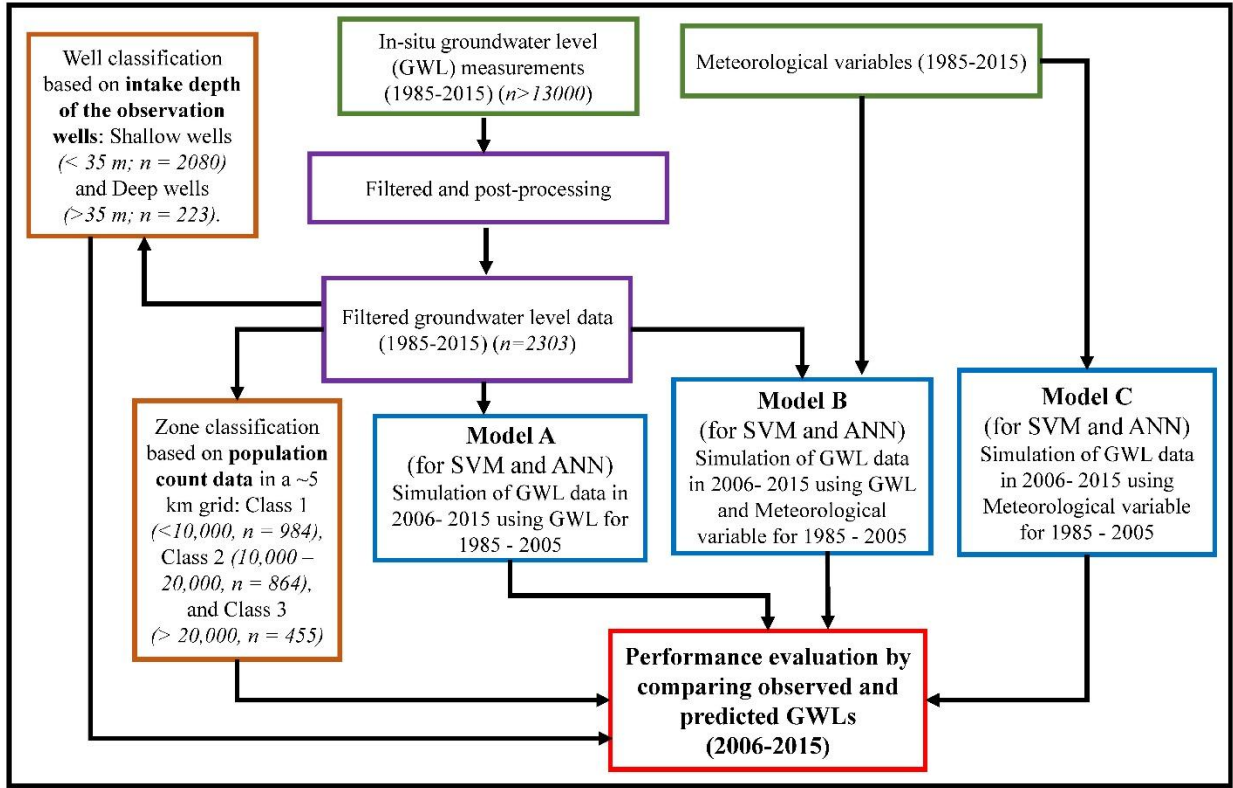
	Normalized Root mean square error (RMSE _n)					
	Type A		Type B		Type C	
	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM	ANN	SVM
IGBM	0.138	0.124	0.119	0.111	0.302	0.249
IGBM SH	0.163	0.137	0.133	0.120	0.347	0.270
IGBM DP	0.738	0.942	0.399	0.222	0.335	0.298
I	1.259	0.665	0.831	0.525	1.010	1.491
I SH	1.536	0.886	0.822	0.845	1.084	0.898
I DP	1.223	0.891	1.218	1.034	1.858	1.347
G	0.147	0.133	0.126	0.111	0.290	0.204
G SH	0.158	0.139	0.133	0.129	0.307	0.204
G DP	0.409	0.198	0.359	0.184	0.325	0.235
B	0.412	0.117	0.240	0.117	0.523	0.115
B SH	0.391	0.128	0.271	0.114	0.535	0.119
B DP	0.790	0.748	0.688	0.739	0.738	0.758
M	0.541	0.194	0.372	0.191	0.691	0.224
M SH	0.554	0.203	0.391	0.186	0.830	0.241
M DP	0.765	0.525	0.763	0.488	0.714	0.619



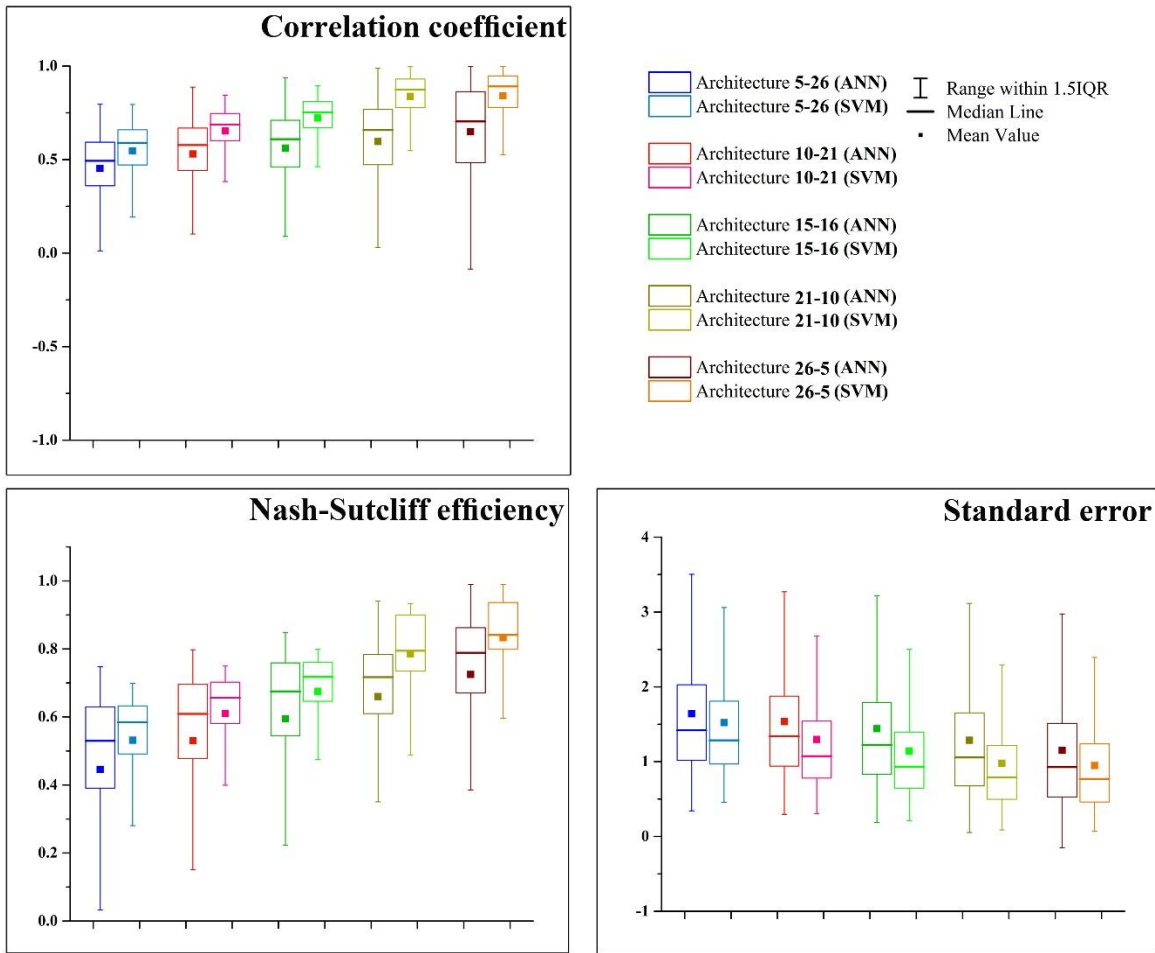
85 **Fig. S1.** Long-term average temperature and potential evapotranspiration map for the year 1985 to 2015.



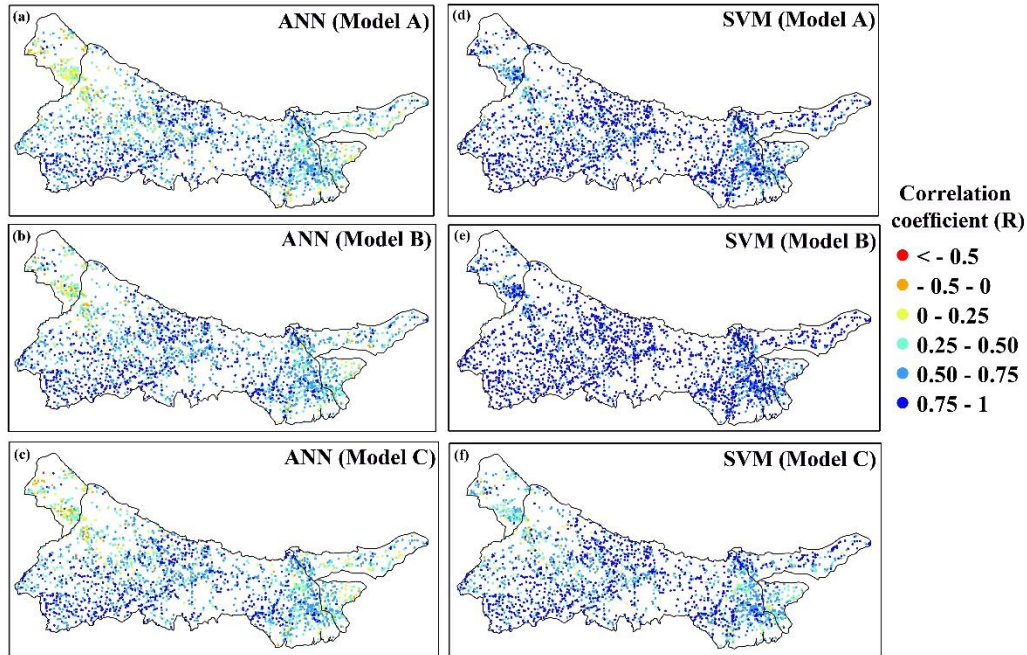
90 **Fig. S2.** Summary of observation well data included in the study.



95 **Fig. S3.** Flowchart showing methodology followed in this manuscript for machine learning modeling.



100 **Fig. S4.** Rational of selection of training and testing set. Configuration – 5 performance is best among other configurations. Configuration – 4 is adapted maintaining a trade-off between the model performances and highest possible test set.



105 **Fig. S5.** Correlation coefficient (r) map between observed and predicted groundwater levels for the testing period.

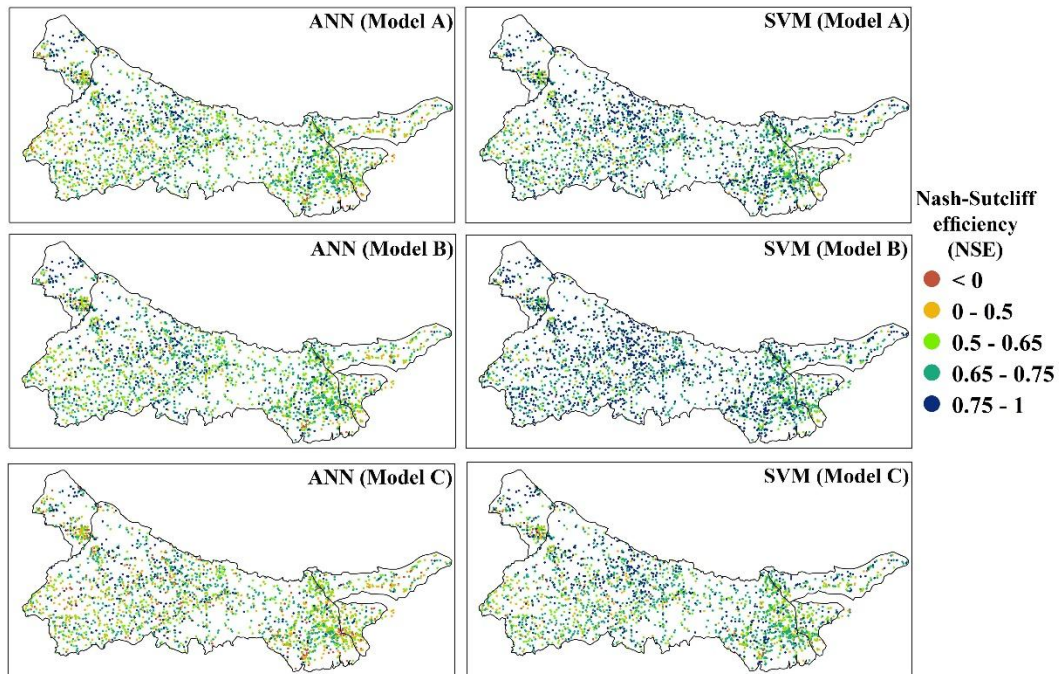
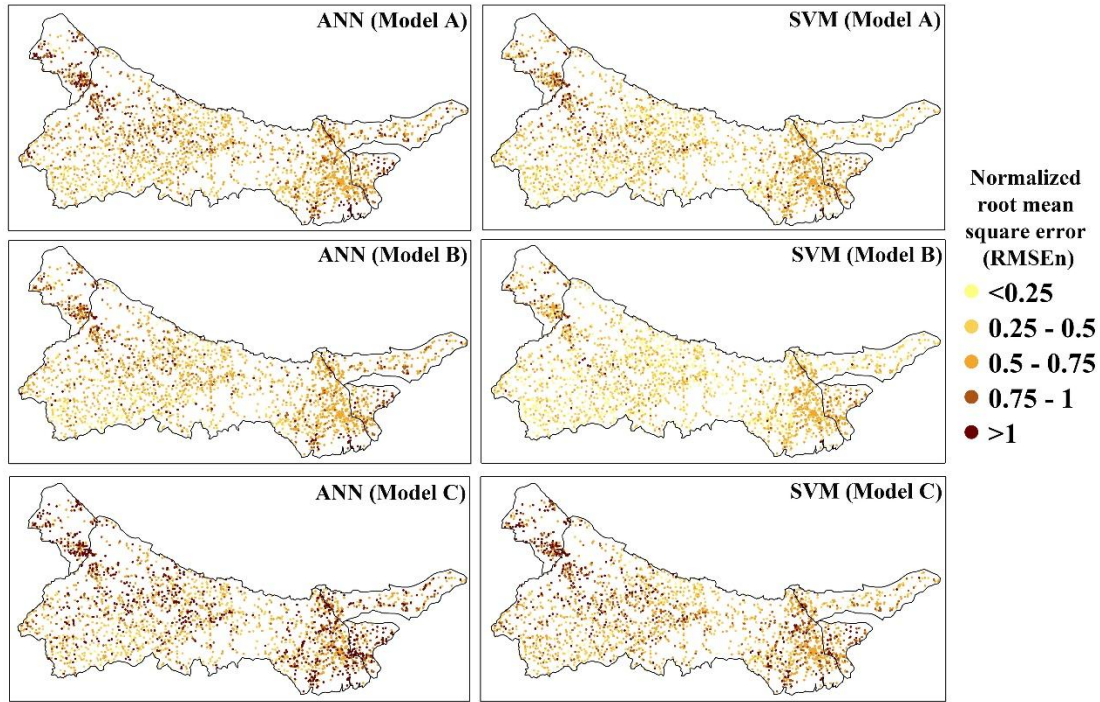
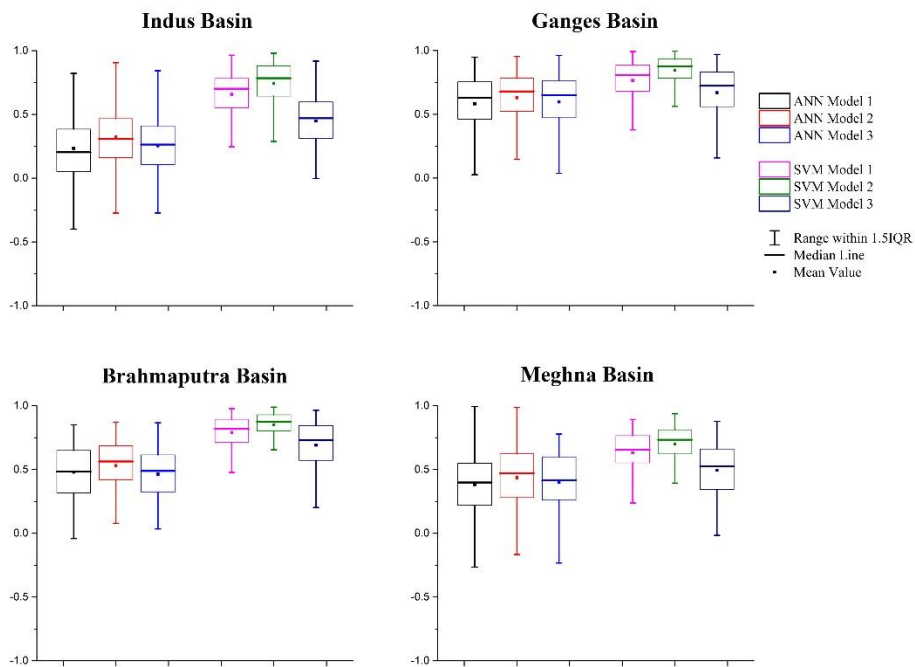


Fig. S6. Nash-Sutcliff efficiency (NSE) map between observed and predicted groundwater levels for the testing period.



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Fig. S7. Normalized Root mean square error ($RMSE_n$) map between observed and predicted groundwater levels for the testing period.



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Fig S8. Box plots showing the range of correlation coefficient observed from individual well scale analysis for the sub-basins.

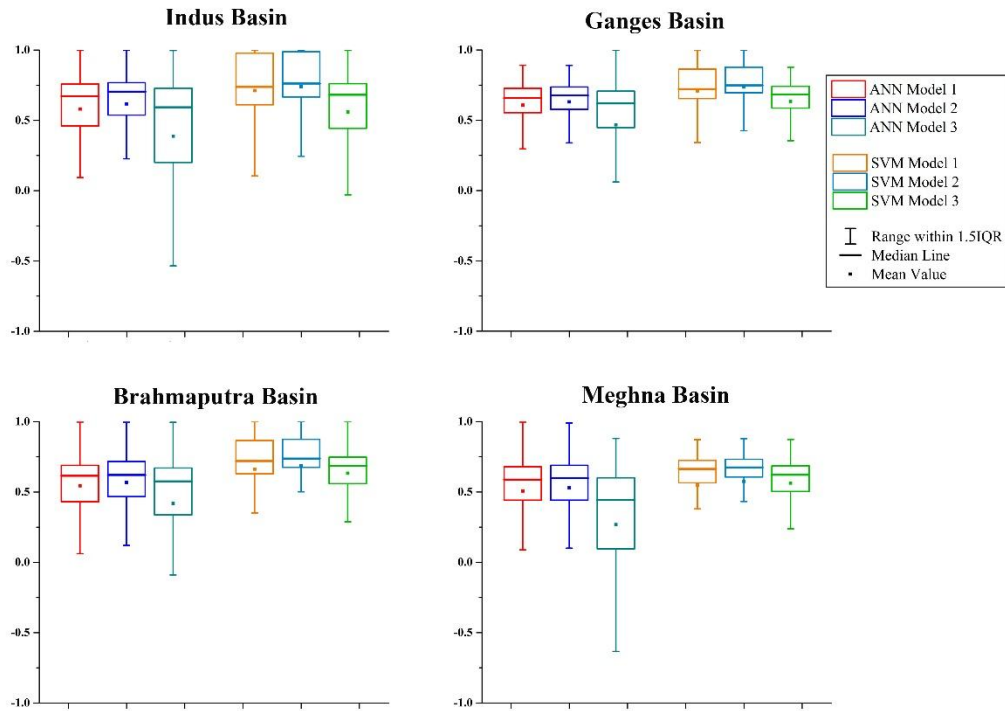
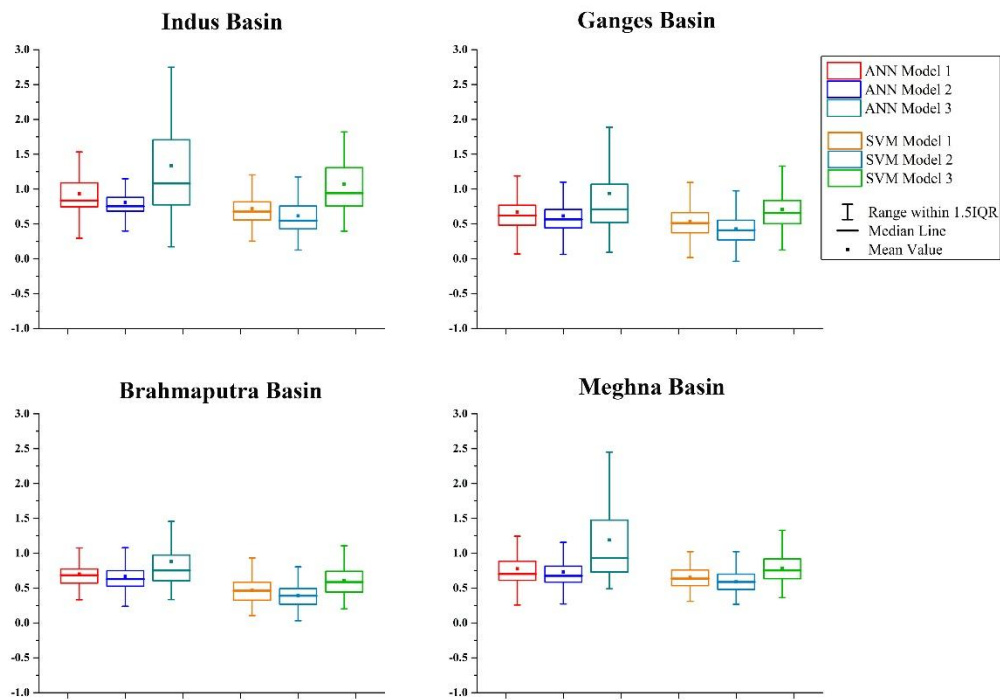


Fig S9. Box plots showing the range of Nash-Sutcliffe efficiency observed from individual well scale analysis for the sub-basins.



120 **Fig S10.** Box plots showing the range of Normalized root mean square error (RMSE_n) observed from individual well scale analysis for the sub-basins.

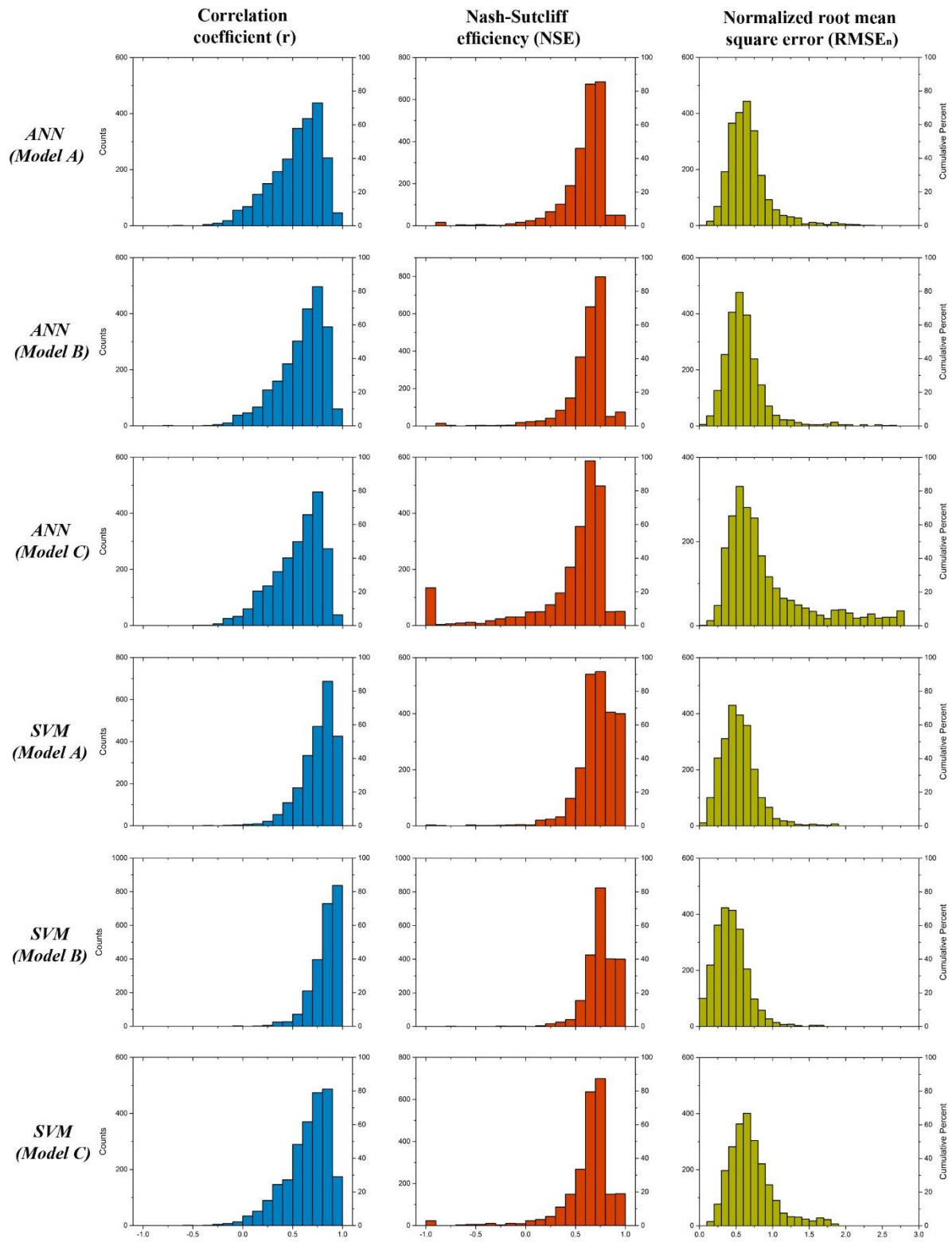


Fig. S11. Distribution of well counts with r , NSE $RMSE_n$ for the entire IGBM basin.

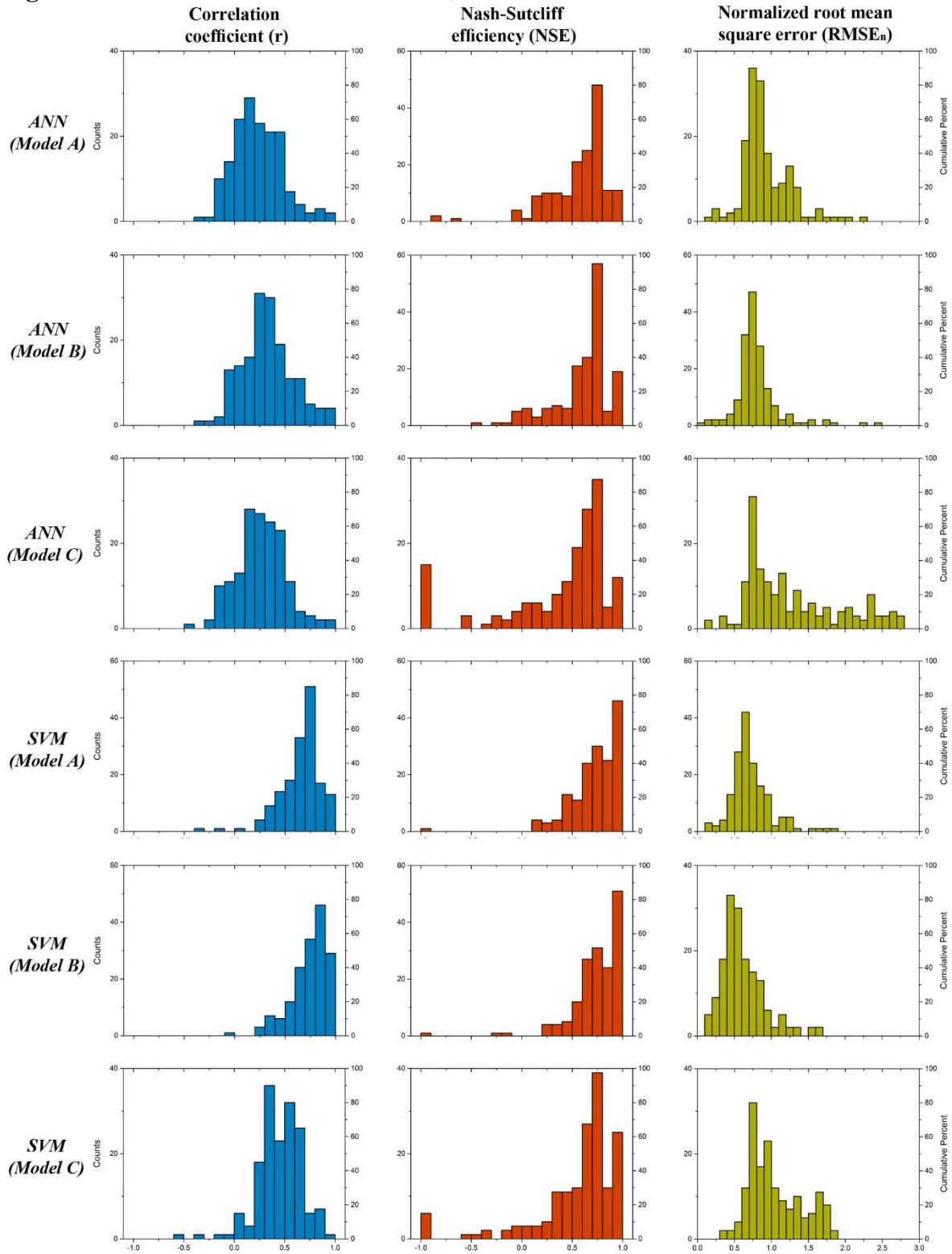
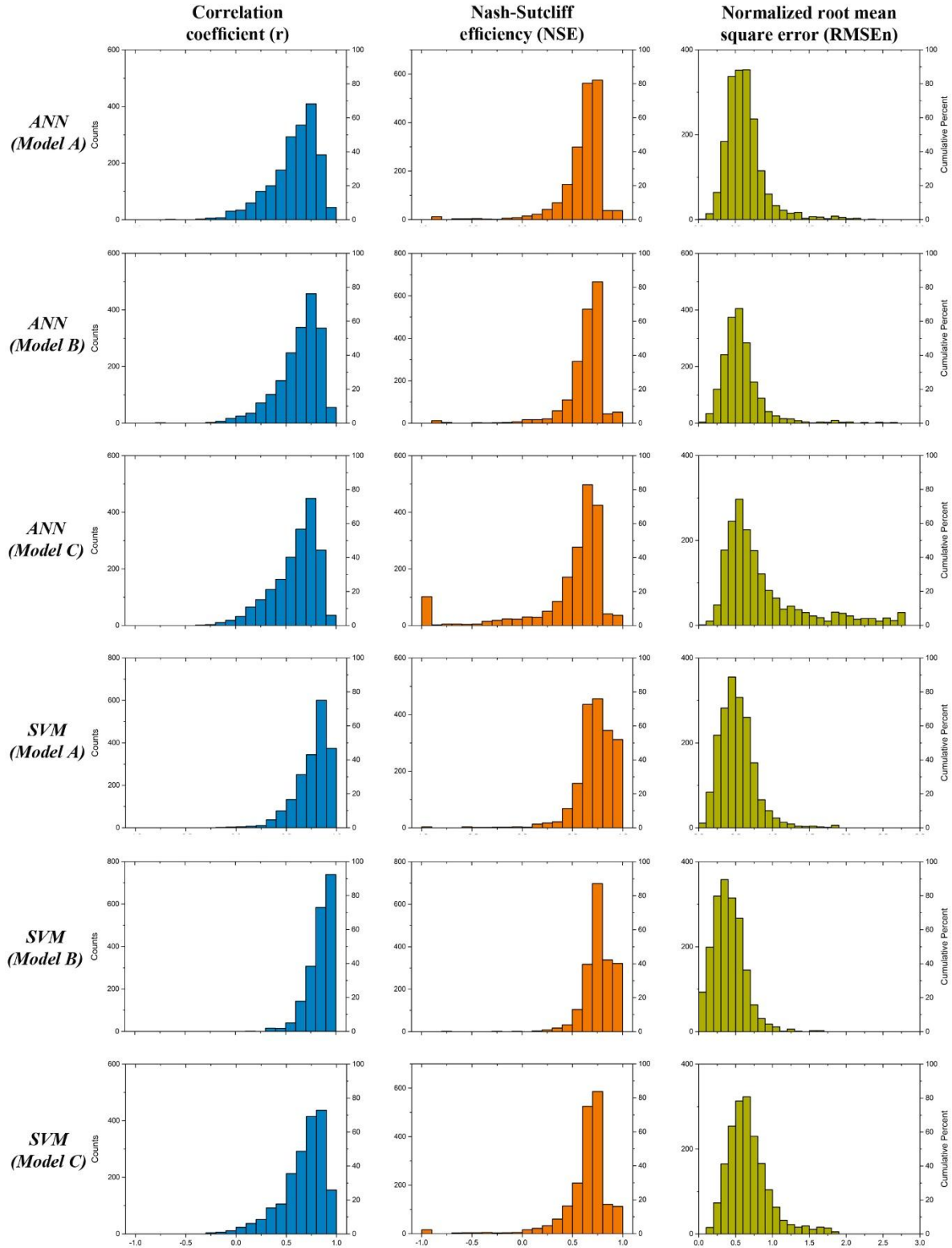


Fig. S12. Distribution of well counts with r , NSE $RMSE_n$ for the Indus basin.



130 **Fig. S13.** Distribution of well counts with r , NSE $RMSE_n$ for the Ganges basin.

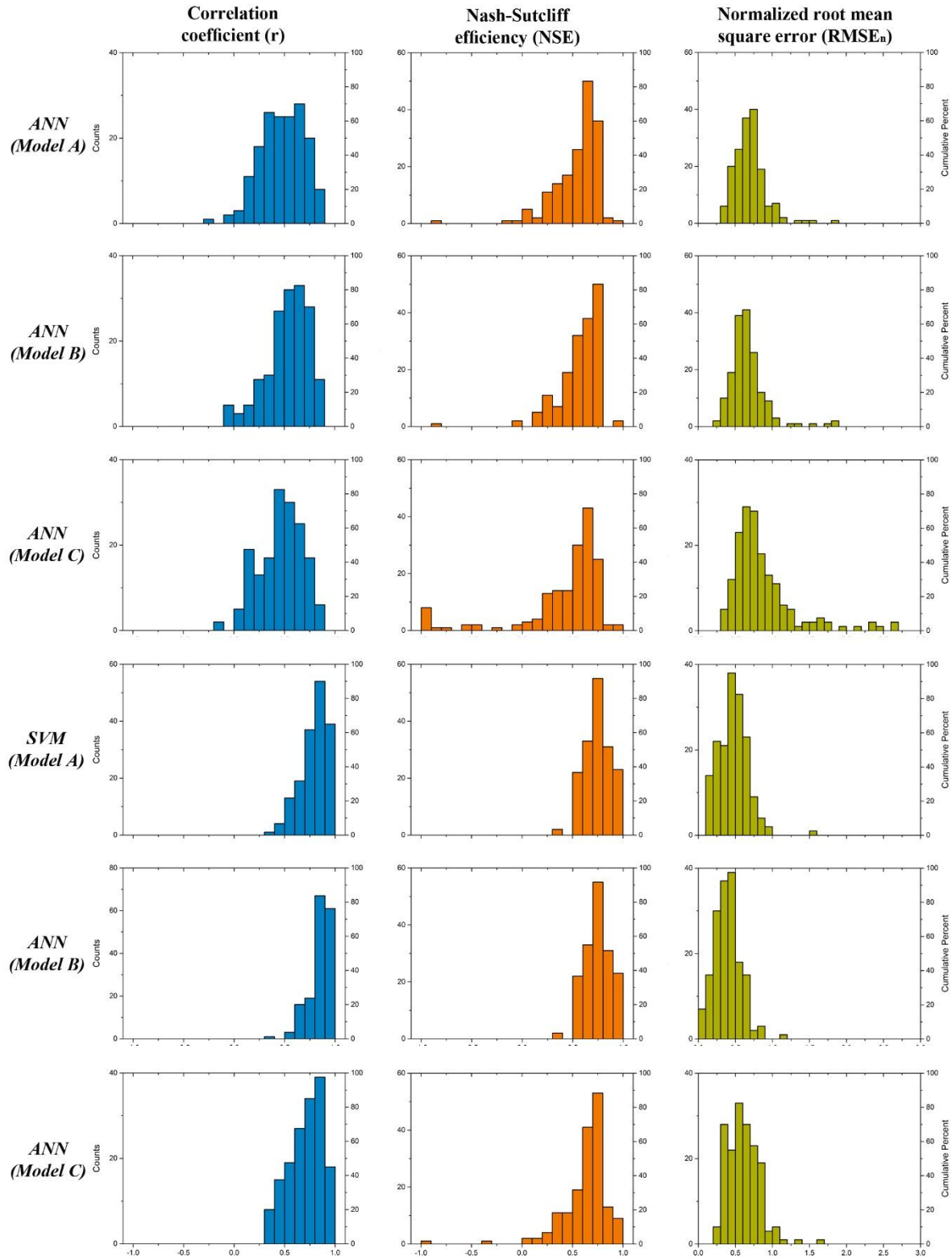


Fig. S14. Distribution of well counts with r , NSE RMSE_n for the Brahmaputra basin.

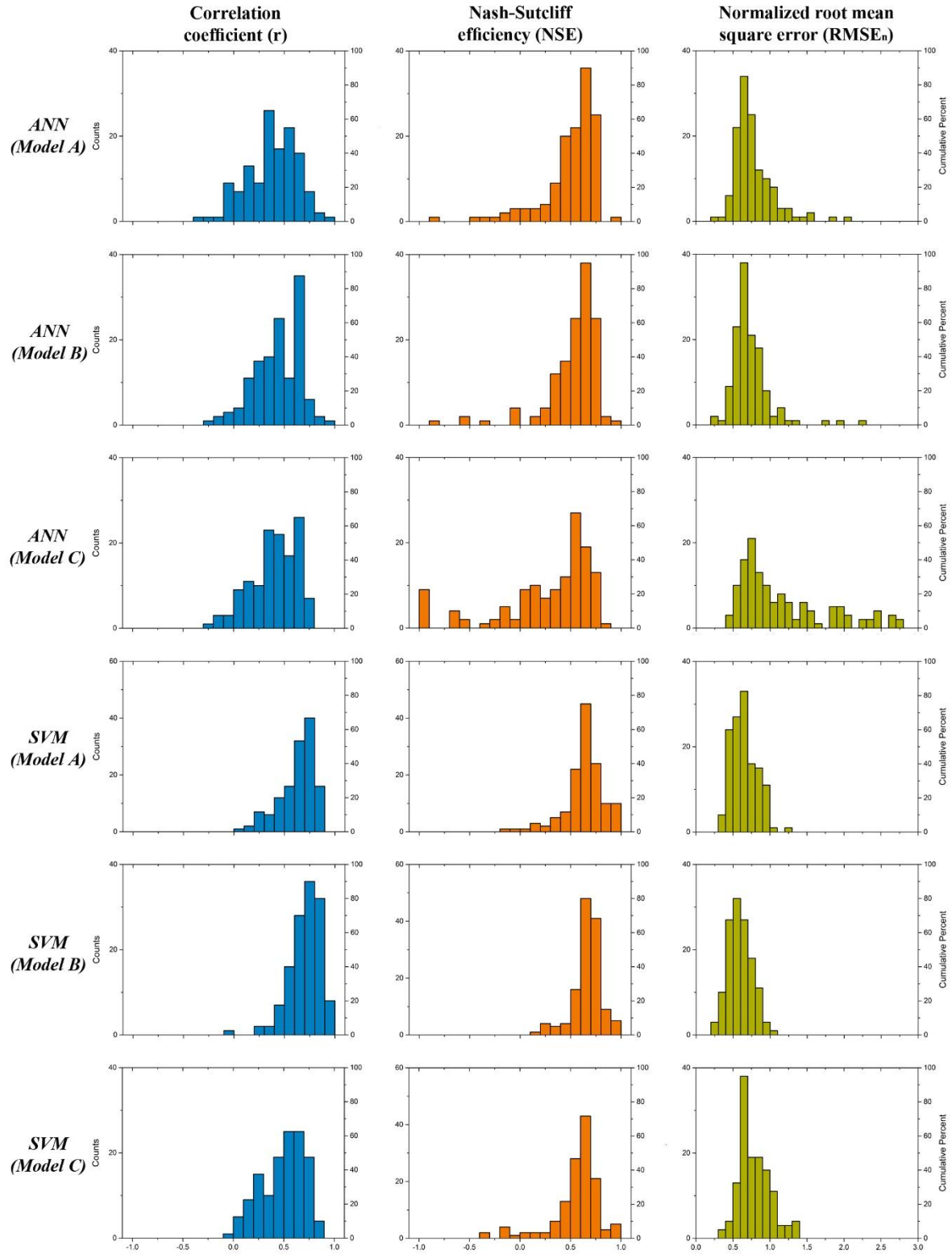
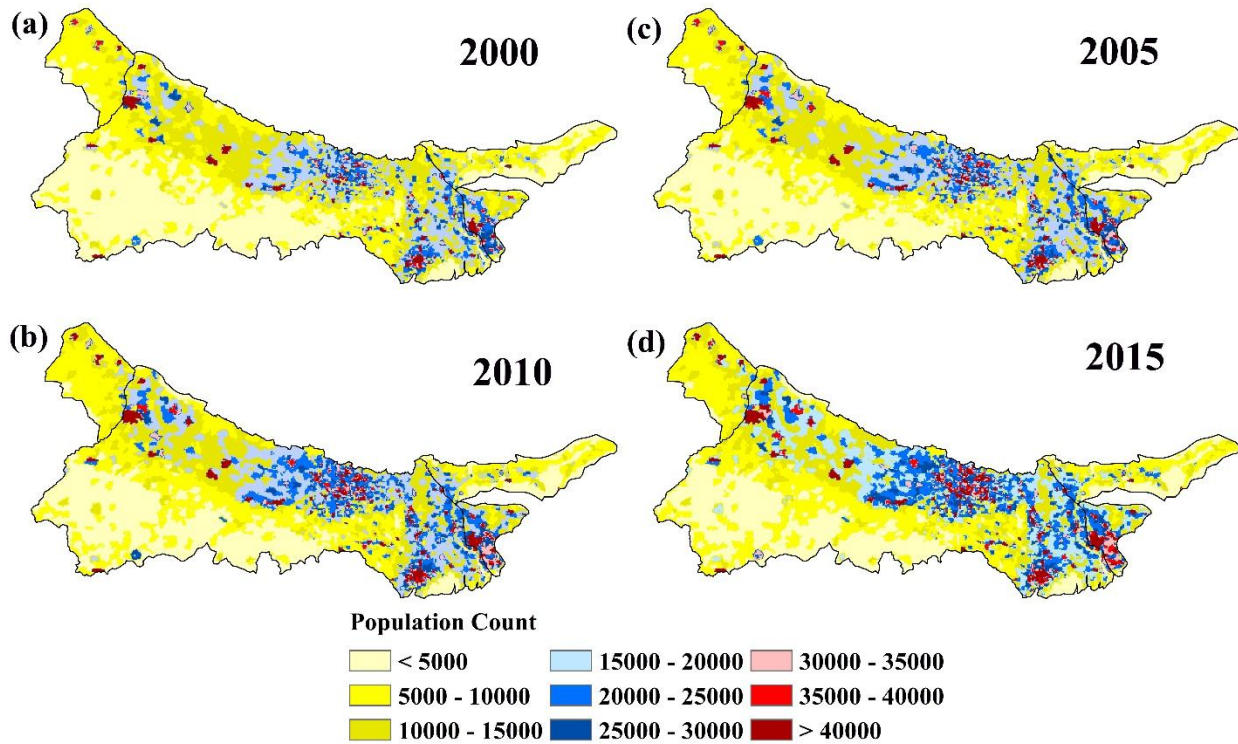
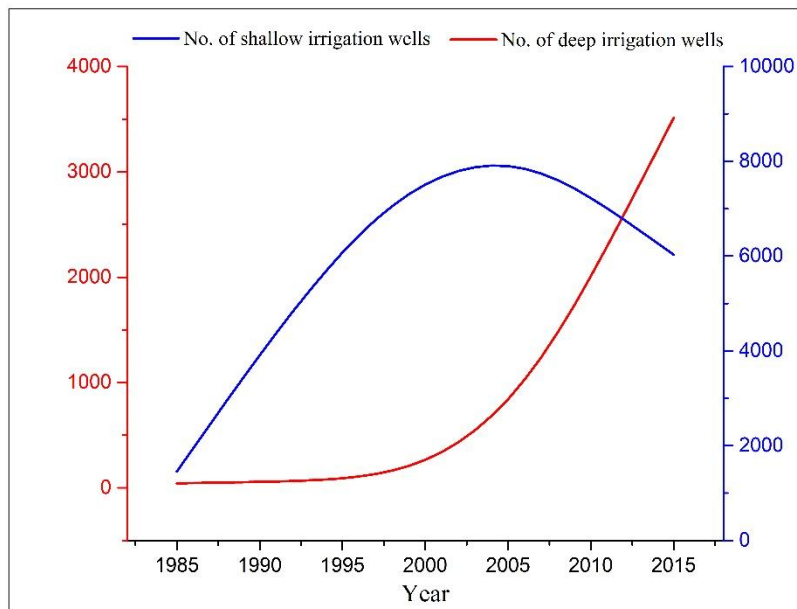


Fig. S15. Distribution of well counts with r , NSE RMSE_n for the Meghna basin.



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Fig. S16. Population count in ~5 km grids, for the year 2000, 2005, 2010, 2015.



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Fig. S17. Hodrick–Prescott (HP) of the total number (in thousands) of shallow and deep irrigational wells in the IGBM. The plot is generated using data from the Minor irrigation census reports of India and Minor irrigation survey reports of Bangladesh.

145 **References**

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