

## ***Interactive comment on “Climate Change impacts the Water Highway project in Morocco” by Nabil El Moçayd et al.***

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We would like to thank the reviewer for the positive remarks that will certainly improve the quality of our paper and highlight the originality of the work. We appreciate the quality of the reviewer comments, especially regarding the necessity to address uncertainty, and will respond positively to all of the given remarks. These are our responses to the comments raised in the review:

**Remark 1:** I think the simplicity also necessitates examination of the uncertainties in the approach and results. Where possible the uncertainty should be directly quantified. Where that is not possible, it should be discussed. For example, the authors conclude that the elasticity coefficient is near 1.6 due to the similarity of the three regression slopes in Figure 10. However, each regression slope has significant uncertainty in

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its value due to the limited number of observations in each plot. The regression uncertainty is easy to quantify because the authors are using standard regression analysis. It would also be interesting to compare the implied range of elasticity from the historical data to the range inferred from the empirical relationships. Similarly, summarizing the results with single lines in Figure 12 seems to overstate the certainty of the analysis. Could ranges be presented instead?

**Answer:** Uncertainty quantification is surely a relevant question that should be addressed, especially in the context of climate change impact on the conception of hydraulic structures such as the Water Highway. As suggested by the reviewer, uncertainty will be correctly addressed in the revised manuscript. Regression uncertainty will be quantified. Figure 12 will be adjusted according to this analysis.

**Remark 2:** The analysis is largely based on the assumption that dry years in the past produced runoff in the same manner as a dry climate will. An analogous assumption is made for PET changes. I think the paper would be strengthened by a short discussion about factors that may limit the applicability of this approach/assumption (or why this is a good assumption). For example, this approach seems to imply that the within-year variations of rainfall in the dry climate will be similar to the within-year variations of rainfall during dry years. I think it would be helpful to discuss such implicit assumptions (and to evaluate them if possible). It seems like sufficient data are available to investigate the seasonality assumption. It also seems to imply that the vegetation cover changes the same way in response to a climate change as to a single year drought. Can that assumption be justified? Furthermore, the analysis seems to assume independence between the effects of PET and precipitation variables. Such independence would be violated if there is a transition from snowfall to rainfall. Would that confound the analysis? Does the historical record suggest such independence? Is such a transition expected?

**Answer:** Every model is built following some unavoidable assumptions. Given the availability of data we had, we were constrained to use the method presented in the paper. However, the remark remains relevant, and an analysis of the seasonality of

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precipitation will be added to the manuscript together with some discussion about the assumptions. More discussion about the potential impact and limitations of our methodology regarding the results will be added in the corrected version of our Manuscript. As far as a transition from snowfall to rainfall assumptions is concerned, the studied area receives barely some snowfall such that its role can be neglected in the hydrological cycle.

**Remark 3:** The analysis makes an implicit steady-state assumption when evaluating the water highway project. Specifically, forecasts of 31 years into the future are used to analyse the project's viability, but those conditions may not be representative of the project design life. Imagine if the design life is 30 years. If built today, the project would experience a range of conditions between the current climate and the predicted climate that might make it more viable. The authors should mention this issue in their paper and provide an argument about why 31 years is appropriate for this assessment.

**Answer:** There is mainly two reasons why the 31 years is appropriate for this assessment. The first one is linked to climate change. In fact, this project has been designed in order to face future climate change impacts on the southern Moroccan areas. If the project may jeopardize the water security of the northern region how can it face the southern region water demand as well? The second reason is purely from a feasibility perspective. The project will need more than 10 years to be fully built, not to mention that the project has not started yet (The construction was planned to start in 2018). In addition, the Moroccan government has only made available the budget for the first phase. The second and the third phase are still waiting for the necessary funds, which will certainly delay the project for another 10 years. This discussion will be added in the manuscript.

**Remark 4:** The analysis relies on dynamically downscaled GCM results. However, the paper does not discuss how that downscaling was accomplished and only cites another paper that is in preparation. I find this problematic since the validity of that work has not been substantiated by a peer-reviewed publication.

**Answer:** A manuscript of the companion paper will be included as supplementary

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information.

**Specific Comments:** All the specific comments will be addressed in the Manuscript.

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