

## ***Interactive comment on “Estimating spatially distributed monthly evapotranspiration rates by linear transformations of MODIS daytime land surface temperature data” by J. Szilagyi and J. Jozsa***

### **Anonymous Referee #2**

Received and published: 30 April 2009

There are no logical errors in the manuscript. A new monthly, cell-based linear transformation of the MODIS daytime land surface temperatures into *ET* rates is proposed in this study. The present model has been applied over the Elkhorn watershed in north-eastern Nebraska, and at the watershed-scale produced very similar results to other complementary relationship based models. Over the 2000–2007 study period the present model yielded a period-averaged mean annual *ET* rate (624 mm) only 1% more than the water-balance calculated value of 617 mm. With the help of the spatially distributed *ET* estimates it was possible to detect the vastly differing moisture dynam-

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

Discussion Paper



ics of the grass-covered range-lands of the Sand Hills in the western part of the Elkhorn watershed from that of the rest of the catchment covered by intensively irrigated corn and soybean fields.

---

Interactive comment on Hydrol. Earth Syst. Sci. Discuss., 6, 1433, 2009.

**HESD**

6, C512–C513, 2009

---

Interactive  
Comment

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

Discussion Paper

C513

