Hydrol. Earth Syst. Sci. Discuss., 4, S342–S344, 2007 www.hydrol-earth-syst-sci-discuss.net/4/S342/2007/ © Author(s) 2007. This work is licensed under a Creative Commons License.



# **HESSD**

4, S342-S344, 2007

Interactive Comment

# Interactive comment on "Updated world map of the Köppen-Geiger climate classification" by M. C. Peel et al.

### M. Sivapalan

sivapala@uiuc.edu

Received and published: 7 June 2007

Updated world map of the Köppen-Geiger climate classification M. C. Peel, B. L. Finlayson, T. A. McMahon

This is an excellent paper - the authors have painstakingly analyzed all available precipitation and temperature data and updated the Koppen-Geiger climate classification, and in doing this, have made a major contribution to both the climate and hydrology communities.

This work is timely, in that there are strong efforts to develop a classification system for catchment hydrology under the PUB (predictions in ungauged basins) initiative. I know of a few preliminary papers discussing the merits of such a classification scheme,

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

**Discussion Paper** 

EGU

and a journal article (Wagener et al., soon to be published in Geography Compass) presenting a possible framework for this classification. Clearly, the starting point for the catchment hydrology classification is indeed the Koppen (climate) classification.

One of the first indicators (similarity variables) suggested by Wagener et al. (and others) is Budyko's climatic dryness index, which is the ratio of annual precipitation to annual potential evaporation. Assuming to first order that temperature is a good surrogate for potential evaporation, then the same numbers used in this updated Koppen classification can be used to estimate the dryness index (if we can agree on its precise definition), and this can then be mapped. The second strong climate indicator is the seasonality of precipitation and potential evaporation (ina relative sense) and again this can be estimated and mapped.

We can then see associations between the climate indicators and measures of water balance globally - which could be a future endeavor. Another obvious manifestation of climate and hydrology (apart from streamflow) is vegetation patterns, which in broad terms has been related to precipitation and temperature (Woodward, 1987), which has been alluded to in this paper also.

So, overall, I think this paper is a welcome addition which I hope will trigger further work towards a global hydrologic classification. I have carefully read the details of the analysis - I have no problems with the approaches used and decisions made in difficult situations. I am also thrillled that they have made all the data they used available on line - this will help further extensions.

The only change that I would ask the authors to do is, this being a hydrology journal, to make comments and guidelines regarding how the Koppen classification system can be extended to include hydrological impacts of climate, since this is now topical. The authors themselves have previously worked on this, e.g., Haines et al. (1988). I invite them to refer to the commentary-type papers by McDonnell and Woods (2004) and Woods (2003, 2004, 2005, 2006), and others.

# **HESSD**

4, S342-S344, 2007

Interactive Comment

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

**Discussion Paper** 

EGU

I have no hesitation in recommending that the paper be published in HESS without much further delay.

References

Haines A T Finlayson B L and McMahon T A 1988 A global classification of river regimes Applied Geography 8 255-272

McDonnell J J and Woods R 2004 On the need for catchment classification Journal of Hydrology 299 2-3

Woods R A 2003 The relative roles of climate, soil, vegetation and topography in determining seasonal and long-term catchment dynamics Advances in Water Resources 26(3) 295-309

Woods R A 2004 Role of Catchment Classification in PUB. Presented at the IAHS PUB Workshop 2004, Perth, Western Australia, 2-5 February 2004.

Woods R A 2005 Hydrologic concepts of variability and scale In Anderson M (ed) Encyclopedia of Hydrological Sciences Wiley

Woods R A 2006 Global similarity indices for mean and seasonal hydrology of ungauged basins Presentation at USA PUB Workshop 16-19 October (http://www.hydrologicscience.org/pub/talks.html)

Woodward F. I. (1987) Climate and Plant Distribution, Cambridge University Press: Cambridge.

M. Sivapalan

Interactive comment on Hydrol. Earth Syst. Sci. Discuss., 4, 439, 2007.

### **HESSD**

4, S342-S344, 2007

Interactive Comment

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

Discussion Paper

EGU

S344