Hydrol. Earth Syst. Sci. Discuss., 12, C1779–C1780, 2015 www.hydrol-earth-syst-sci-discuss.net/12/C1779/2015/ © Author(s) 2015. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribute 3.0 License.





Interactive Comment

Interactive comment on "Reconciling high altitude precipitation in the upper Indus Basin with glacier mass balances and runoff" *by* W. W. Immerzeel et al.

Dr Andréassian

vazken.andreassian@irstea.fr

Received and published: 27 May 2015

I agree with the authors that the only possible way to assess unobserved and unobservable precipitation is by inverting the hydrological cycle. I found the study very complete, comparing the major satellite and reanalysis products with catchment water balance.

I personally would have been interested in seeing Figure 8 complemented by a projection of the points in the Turc-Budyko nondimensional graphs (Q/P vs P/E0) : an example can be found in Fig. 2 and 4 in Valéry et al. (2010) It would be a way to show





how catchments which had a physically unrealistic water balance can be reintegrated into the hydrologically feasible part of the Turc-Budyko plot.

Last, I also take the immodest liberty to suggest a complement for your literature review, but only because it really deals with the same issue of precipitation gradients : Valéry et al. (2009).

References

Valéry, A., Andréassian, V. and Perrin, C., 2010. Regionalization of precipitation and air temperature over high-altitude catchments – learning from outliers. Hydrological Sciences Journal, 55(6): 928-940.

Valéry, A., Andréassian, V. and Perrin, C., 2009. Inverting the hydrological cycle: when streamflow measurements help assess altitudinal precipitation gradients in mountain areas. IAHS-AISH Publication 333: 281-286.

Interactive comment on Hydrol. Earth Syst. Sci. Discuss., 12, 4755, 2015.

HESSD

12, C1779–C1780, 2015

Interactive Comment

Full Screen / Esc

Printer-friendly Version

Interactive Discussion

Discussion Paper

