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Supplement of

Divergent water balance trajectories under two dominant tree species in montane forest catchment shifting from energy- to water-limitation

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Supplementary Material

Figure S1: Scheme representing the workflow of the study

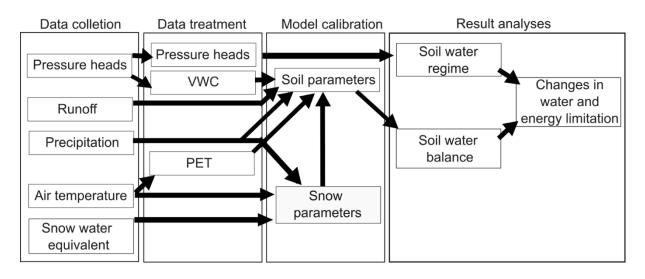


Figure S2. The soil tensiometer with a reading unit (Thies, Germany)



Table S1: Average soil hydraulic parameters of all soil layers derived from direct measurements. Each value is depicted by its mean \pm standard deviation.

Measured SHP		θ_r	Θ_s	α	n
Spruce	10 cm	0.32 ± 0.03	0.70 ± 0.04	0.04 ± 0.01	2.10 ± 0.53
	35–45 cm	0.18 ± 0.04	0.52 ± 0.03	0.04 ± 0.01	1.72 ± 0.15
	50 cm	0.15 ± 0.02	0.48 ± 0.02	0.05 ± 0.01	1.58 ± 0.19
	70–75 cm	0.15 ± 0.04	0.50 ± 0.04	0.07 ± 0.03	1.45 ± 0.13
Beech	10 cm	0.17 ± 0.02	0.53 ± 0.02	0.05 ± 0.01	1.36 ± 0.02
	30 cm	0.18 ± 0.01	0.49 ± 0.04	0.05 ± 0.01	1.55 ± 0.21
	45 cm	0.17 ± 0.01	0.47 ± 0.01	0.05 ± 0.01	1.46 ± 0.01
	60 cm	0.13 ± 0.02	0.42 ± 0.01	0.05 ± 0.02	1.48 ± 0.13

Figure S3: Model performance when calibrated in particular periods. Values from first columns represent calibration from 2000 to 2004, the second and following columns represent the following calibration periods (2005-2009, 2010-2014, 2015-2019, and the last column is an overall calibration)

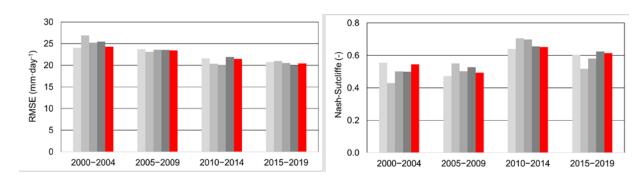


Figure S4: Measured and modelled snow water equivalent (a) and soil water content (b)

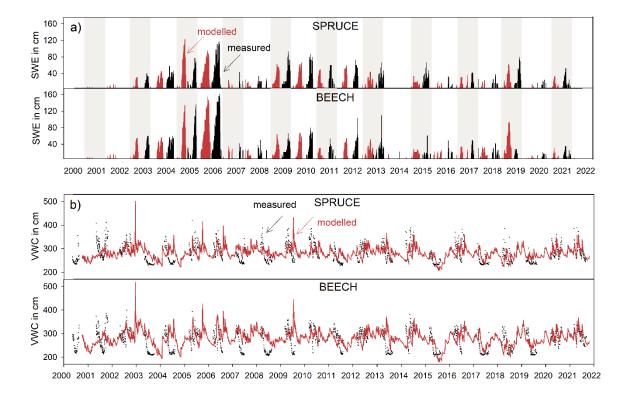


Figure S5. Comparison of estimation of potential evapotranspiration by Penman-Monteith and Oudin approaches (a) and differences in soil water content modelling using both approaches (b)

