## Selected Model structures

## Description of Hydro-meteorological process

## **Urban Land Surface Models (ULSMs)**

**Bulk Models: 2-tiles** SUEWS

**Urban Canopy Models: Single Layer** 

VUCM, SLUCM, TEB, TARGET, UT&C Multi Layers

BEP, VCWG

**Building resolved:** 

**3D** 

VTUF-3D,

Solene-Microclimate model

**Urban Hydrology Models (UHMs)** 

Hydraulic models:

SWMM

Hydraulic-hydrological models:

Multi-Hydro model, URBS, WEP

Summary and comparison

Urban surface energy balance

Net radiation Anthropogenic heat Sensible heat flux Latent heat flux

**Urban canopy near-surface condition** 

Temperature Humidity Wind



Precipitation Runoff Irrigation

Depression storage and Infiltration

Evaporation and transpiration

Urban subsurface water cycle

Moisture transfer in and between soil layers

Pipe system



Summary and comparison

Challenges and future developments

Model coupling significance and strategies:

**Urban thermal environment adaptation** 

**Urban flooding forecasting** 



Interdisciplinary collaboration in urban geoscience

Collaboration within and across disciplines:

Standardized modelling protocol

Potential AI and machine learning benefits

practical technical framework

Compound extreme events analysis