



Supplement of

Can the combining of wetlands with reservoir operation reduce the risk of future floods and droughts?

Yanfeng Wu et al.

Correspondence to: Guangxin Zhang (zhgx@iga.ac.cn)

The copyright of individual parts of the supplement might differ from the article licence.

1 **Supplement**

2 Table S1. Median values of historical (His) and projected flood characteristics (duration, peak flow, volume,
 3 and flashiness) at the Nenjiang and Dalai stations under different Socioeconomic Pathways (SSP) scenarios
 4 in the near-future (IV), mid-century (II) and end-century (III).

Duration	Peak flow			Volume			Flashiness					
	(m ³ /s)	(m ³)										
	SSP126	SSP370	SSP585	SSP126	SSP370	SSP585	SSP126	SSP370	SSP585	SSP126	SSP370	SSP585
<i>Nenjiang</i>												
His	14.5	14.5	14.5	2499.2	2499.2	2499.2	24.1	24.1	24.1	356.5	356.5	356.5
I	14	15	14	2697.8	3570.8	3872.6	21.8	29.34	26.9	571.6	575.5	382.4
II	18	13.5	14	4133.1	4326.5	3693.9	36.8	28.9	31.3	290.2	797.5	276.9
III	14	14	15	3724.8	3678.5	5525.6	27.1	30.3	29.9	588.5	633.7	793.2
<i>Dalai</i>												
His	15	15	15	4498.9	4498.9	4498.9	41.7	41.7	41.7	377	377.1	377.1
I	30	11	11	2661.3	4450.9	3925.2	50.3	32.6	32.3	251.3	513.1	527.7
II	16	13	12	4259.3	5111.1	4179.3	46.7	48.3	33.9	763	686.2	473.2
III	11.5	14.5	13	4171.8	5859.3	6762.5	30.4	48.3	48.1	781.4	605.1	990.4

6 Table S2. Median values of historical (His) and projected of the projected number of droughts, annual
 7 drought days, duration, and deficit of each drought at the Nenjiang and Dalai stations under different
 8 Socioeconomic Pathways (SSP) scenarios in the near-future (I), mid-century (II) and end-century (III).

Number of droughts				Annual drought days (days)			Drought duration (days)			Drought deficit (m ³)		
	SSP126	SSP370	SSP585	SSP126	SSP370	SSP585	SSP126	SSP370	SSP585	SSP126	SSP370	SSP585
<i>Nenjiang</i>												
His	2	2	2	20	20	20	10.5	10.5	10.5	-115.6	-115.6	-115.6
I	1	2	2	11	33	24	8	8	8	-136.8	-153.5	-163.3
II	4	2	3	58	38	29	9	9	10	-158.5	-159.8	-143.4
III	3.5	4	5	49	41	58	9	9	9	-186.7	-158.3	-164.6
<i>Dalai</i>												
His	2	2	2	15	15	15	8	8	8	-154.4	-154.4	-154.4
I	1	2	2	7	33	27	8	10	9	-337.6	-503.4	-449.1
II	3.5	2	2	57.5	19	20	11	10	10	-639.1	-360	-464
III	3	4	3	41	37	38	10	9	10	-629.1	-394.2	-591

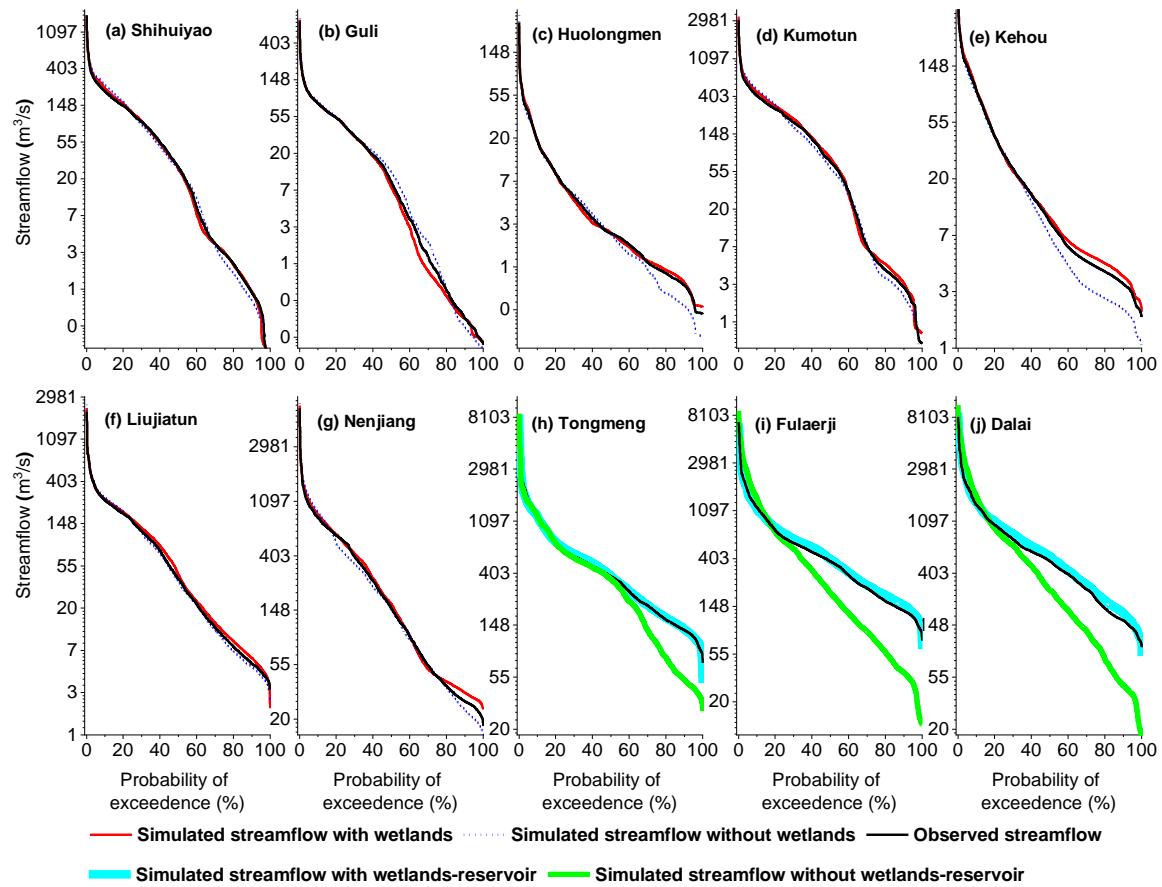


Figure. S1. Comparison of daily flow duration curves at ten hydrological stations in the Nenjiang River

Basin. The simulated streamflow used in Fig. A1 a-g were calibrated with/without wetlands whereas the simulated streamflow used in Fig. A1 h-j were calibrated with/without wetlands and Nierji reservoir.

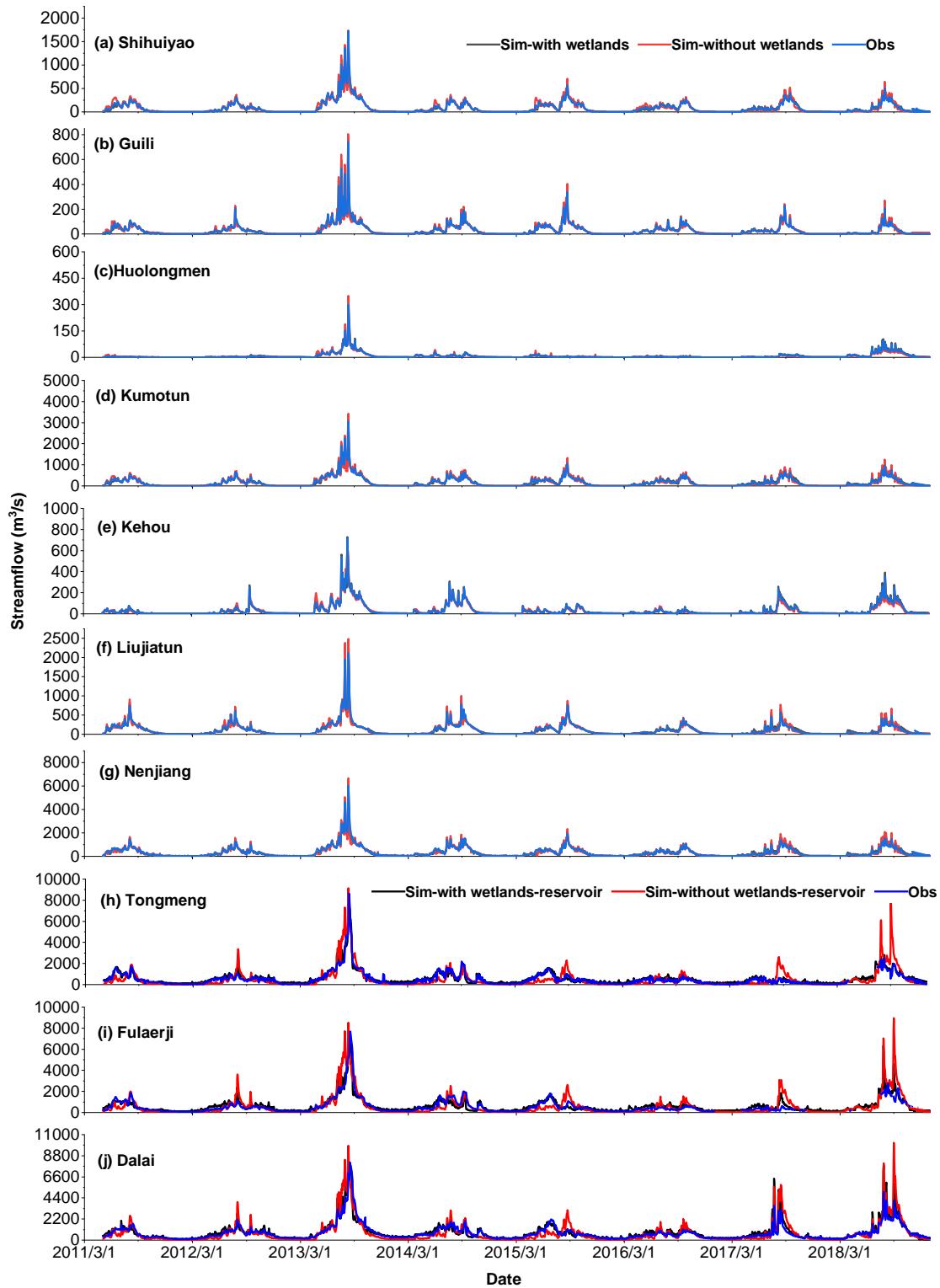


Figure. S2. Comparison of daily simulated and observed streamflow at ten hydrological stations in the Nenjiang River Basin. The simulated streamflow used in Fig. A2 a-g were calibrated with/without wetlands whereas the simulated streamflow used in Fig. A2 h-j were calibrated with/without wetlands and Nierji reservoir.

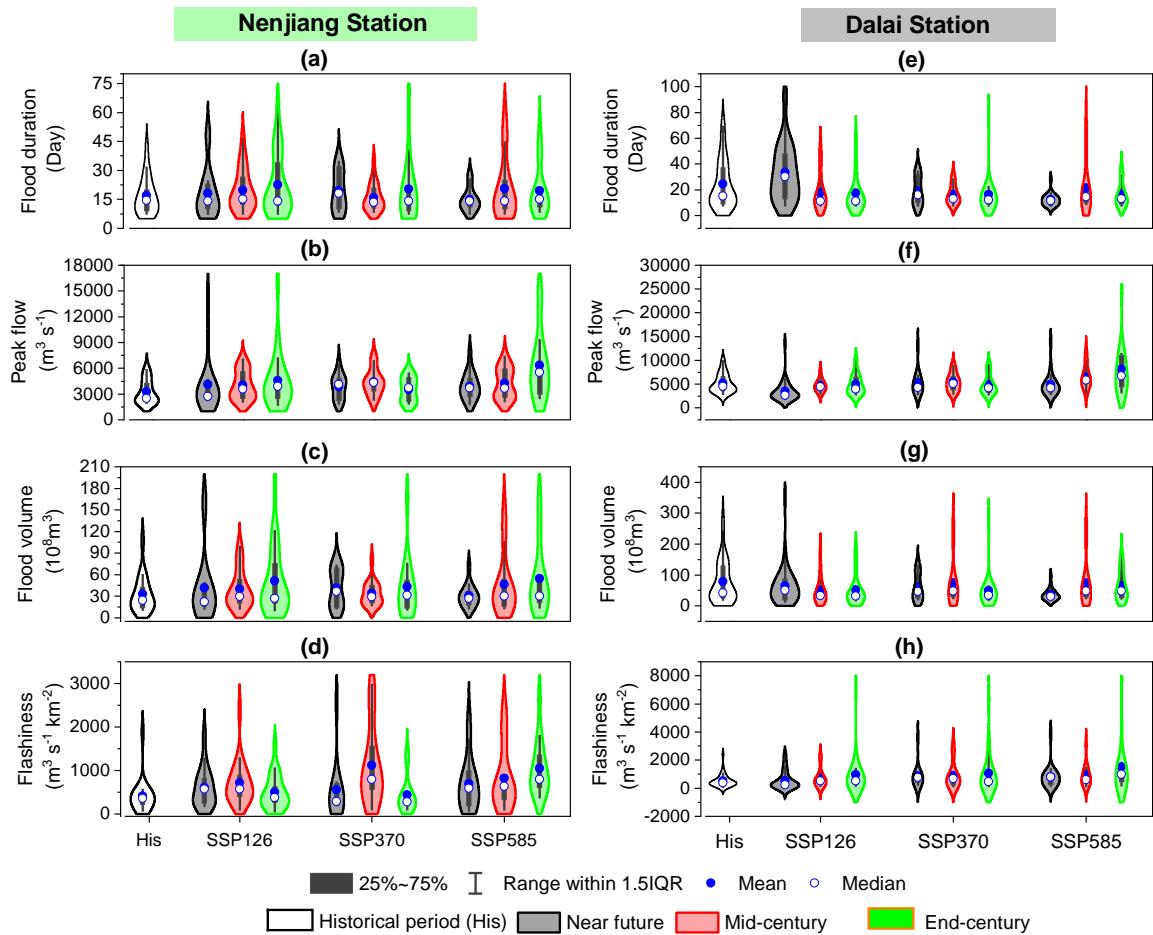


Figure. S3. Historical and projected flood duration, peak flow, volume and flashiness at the Nenjiang (the left column) and Dalai (the right column) Station. The historical period refers to 1971-2020 and the near-future, mid-century and end-century refer to the 2026-2050, 2051-2075 and 2076-2100 under the Socioeconomic Pathways (SSP) 126, SSP370 and SSP585 scenarios. Note that the wider the violin plot, the higher the density.

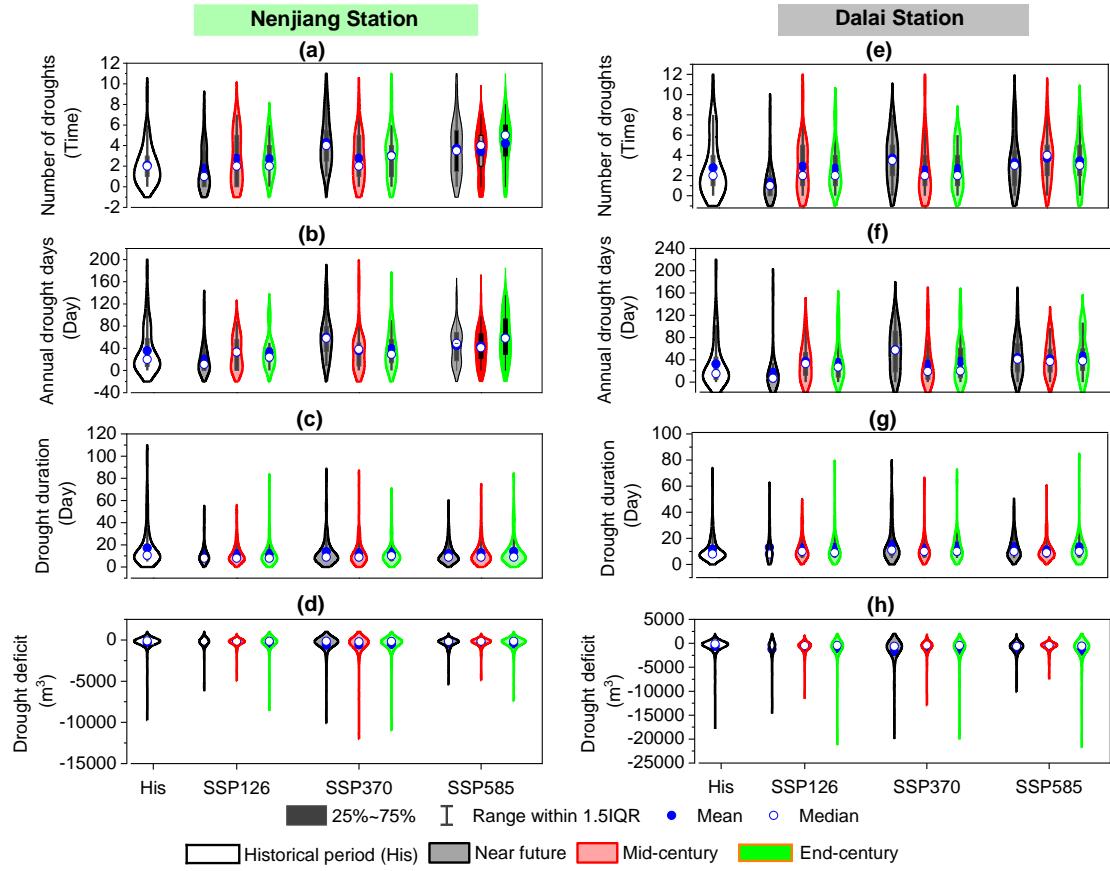


Figure. S4. Historical and projected hydrological drought characteristics (the number of droughts, annual drought days, duration, and deficit) at the Nenjiang (the left column) and Dalai (the right column) Station. The historical period refers to 1971-2020 and the near-future, mid-century and end-century refer to the 2026-2050, 2051-2075 and 2076-2100 under the Socioeconomic Pathways (SSP) 126, SSP370 and SSP585 scenarios. Note that the wider the violin plot, the higher the density.