



Supplement of

Assessing the degree of detail of temperature-based snow routines for runoff modelling in mountainous areas in central Europe

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Figure S1 Time series (October 2003 – September 2004) for the Ergolz catchment at Liestal (CH-101). Top: daily mean air temperature and total precipitation. Middle: model calibration results for period 1. Bottom: model validation results (based on model calibration on period 2). The model calibration and validation are further subdivided into (top) catchment-average observed (grey line) and simulated snow water equivalent (HBV in blue and the model structure modification including a seasonally varying degree-day factor, $C_{\theta,s}$, in orange), and (bottom) observed (grey line) and simulated structure modification including a seasonal degree-day factor in orange). The grey field represents the period used when calibrating the model against the logarithmic stream runoff. The uncertainty fields for model simulation cover the 10th – 90th percentile range, while the solid line represents the median value.































Figure S23 Time series (October 2003 – September 2004) for the Vydra catchment at Modrava (CZ-101). Top: daily mean air temperature and total precipitation. Middle: model calibration results. Bottom: model validation results. The model calibration and validation are further subdivided into (top) snow water equivalent station measured values (black crosses) and corresponding simulated values at the same elevation (HBV in blue and the model structure modification including a seasonally-varying degree-day factor, $C_{\theta,s}$ in orange), and (bottom) observed (grey line) and simulated stream runoff (HBV in blue and the model structure modification including a seasonal degree-day factor in orange). The grey field represents the period used when calibrating the model against the logarithmic stream runoff. The uncertainty fields for model simulation cover the 10th – 90th percentiles range while the solid line represents the median value.

