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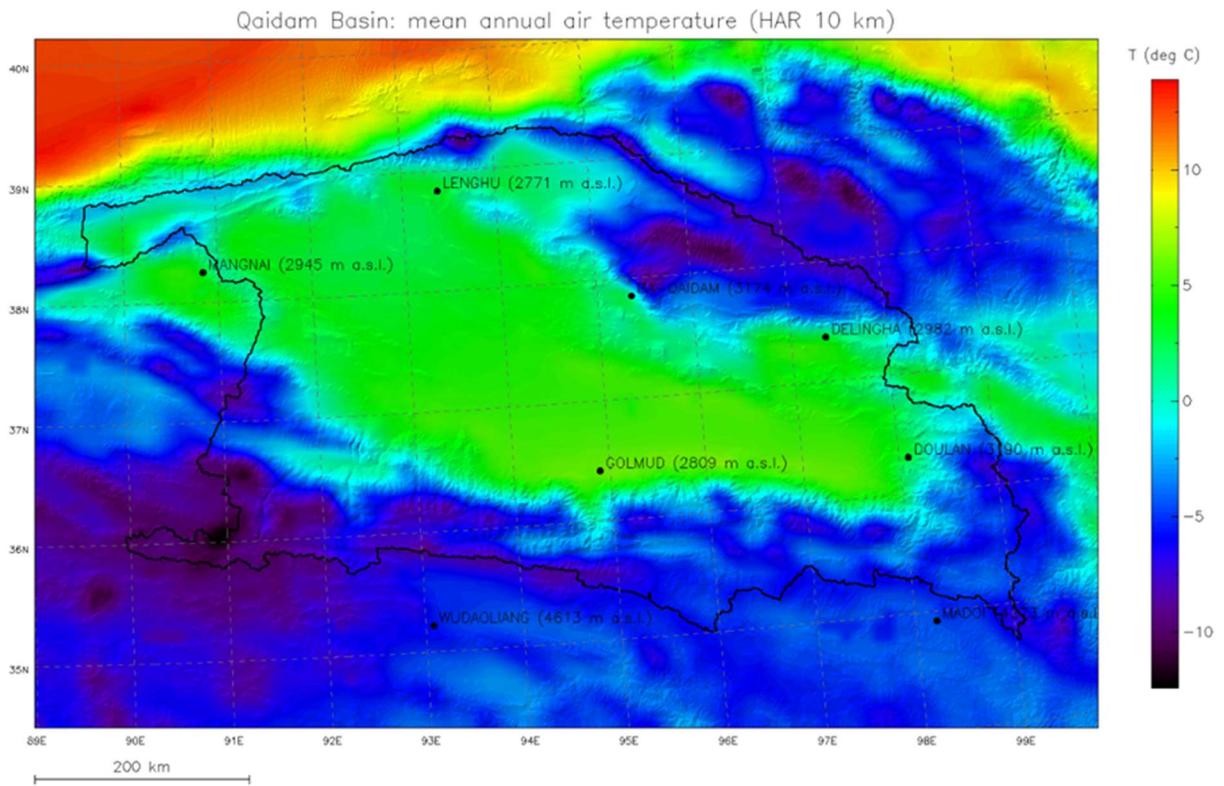
Supplement of

Survival of the Qaidam mega-lake system under mid-Pliocene climates and its restoration under future climates

Dieter Scherer

Correspondence to: Dieter Scherer (dieter.scherer@tu-berlin.de)

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5 **Figure S1:** Mean annual air temperature (2 m above ground) during the study period of 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) for the
Qaidam Basin (QB) and its surrounding regions derived from the HAR 10 km data set. Black line: boundary of the QB (Lehner and
Grill, 2013). Topographic shading is based on DEM data from the SRTM. Black dots indicate the locations of the eight GSOD
stations within or nearby the QB.

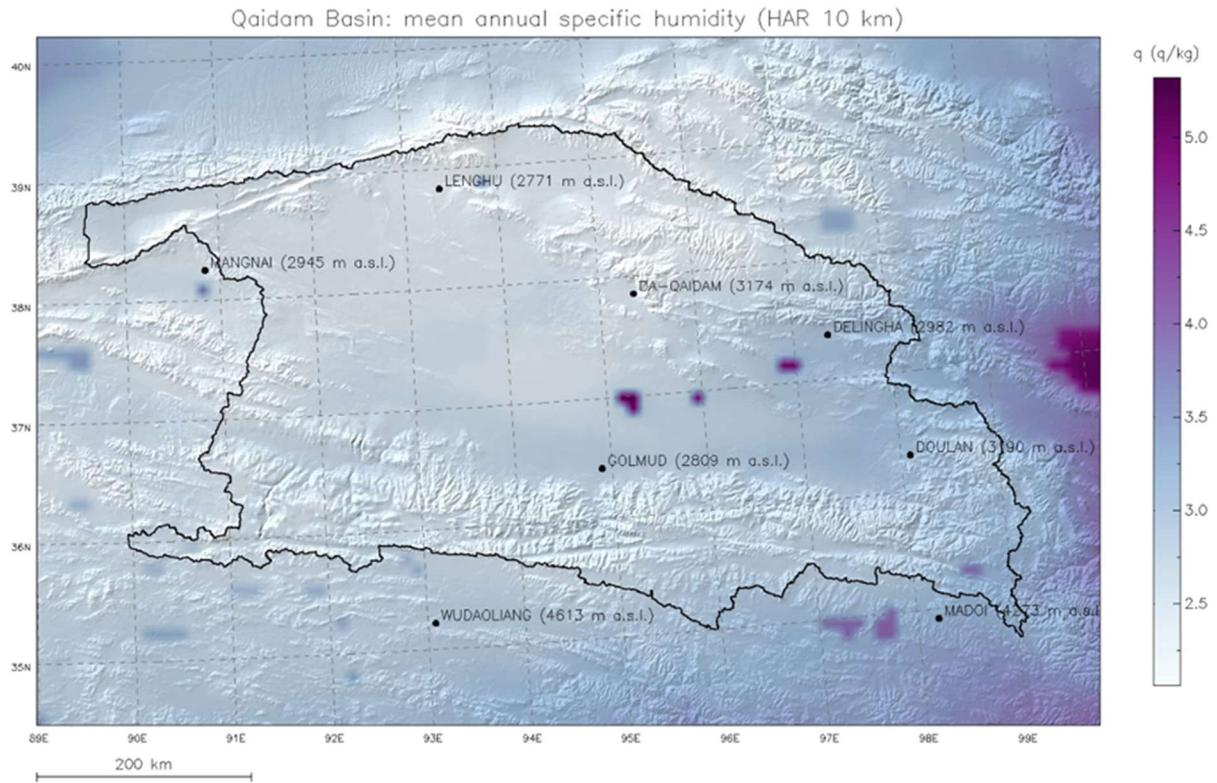


Figure S2: Mean annual specific humidity (2 m above ground) during the study period of 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) for the Qaidam Basin (QB) and its surrounding regions derived from the HAR 10 km data set. Black line: boundary of the QB (Lehner and Grill, 2013). Topographic shading is based on DEM data from the SRTM. Black dots indicate the locations of the eight GSOD stations within or nearby the QB.

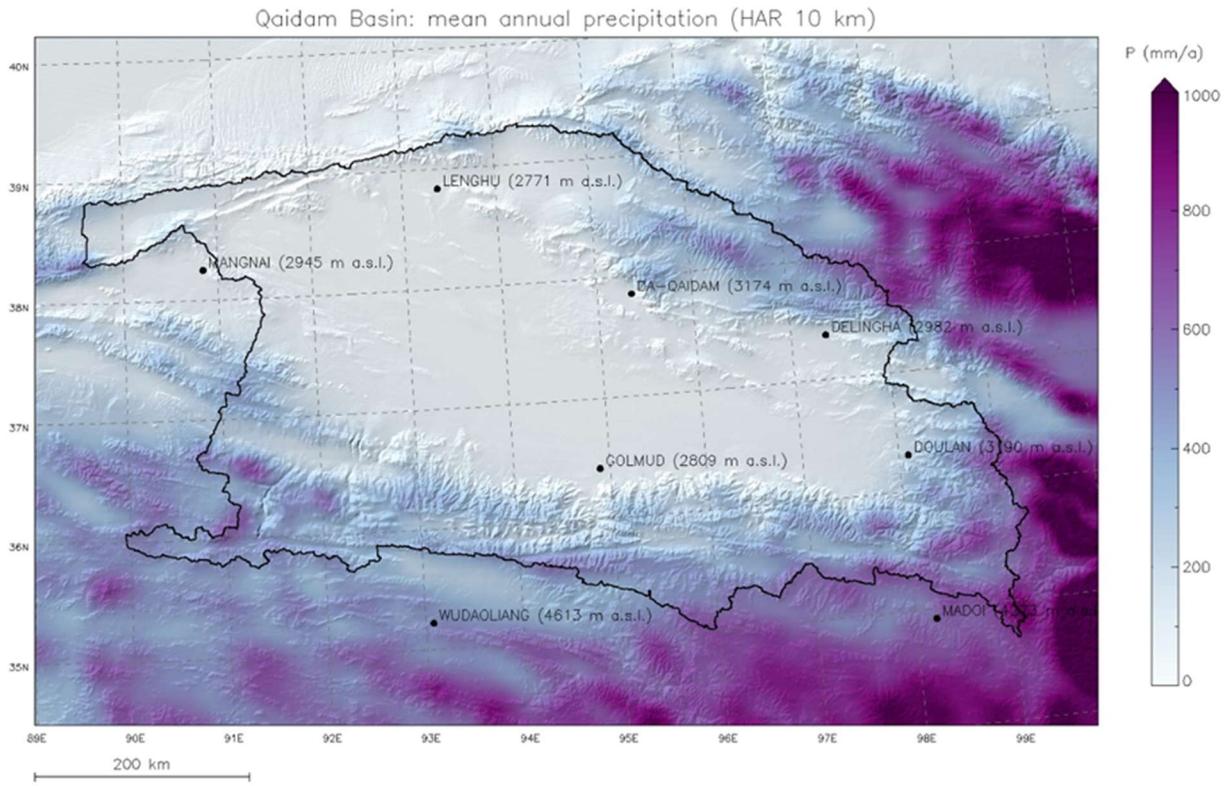
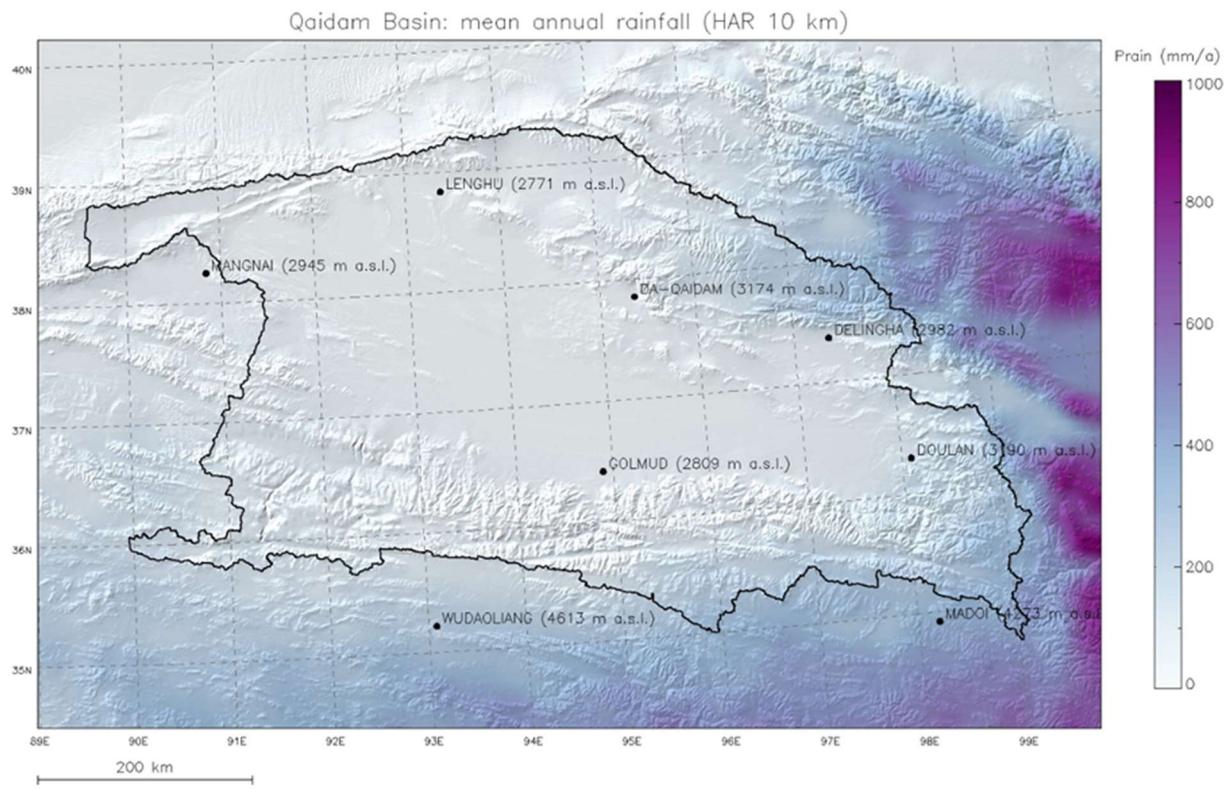


Figure S3: Mean annual precipitation during the study period of 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) for the Qaidam Basin (QB) and its surrounding regions derived from the HAR 10 km data set. Black line: boundary of the QB (Lehner and Grill, 2013). Topographic shading is based on DEM data from the SRTM. Black dots indicate the locations of the eight GSOD stations within or nearby the QB.



20 **Figure S4:** Mean annual rainfall during the study period of 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) for the Qaidam Basin (QB) and its surrounding regions derived from the HAR 10 km data set. Black line: boundary of the QB (Lehner and Grill, 2013). Topographic shading is based on DEM data from the SRTM. Black dots indicate the locations of the eight GSOD stations within or nearby the QB.

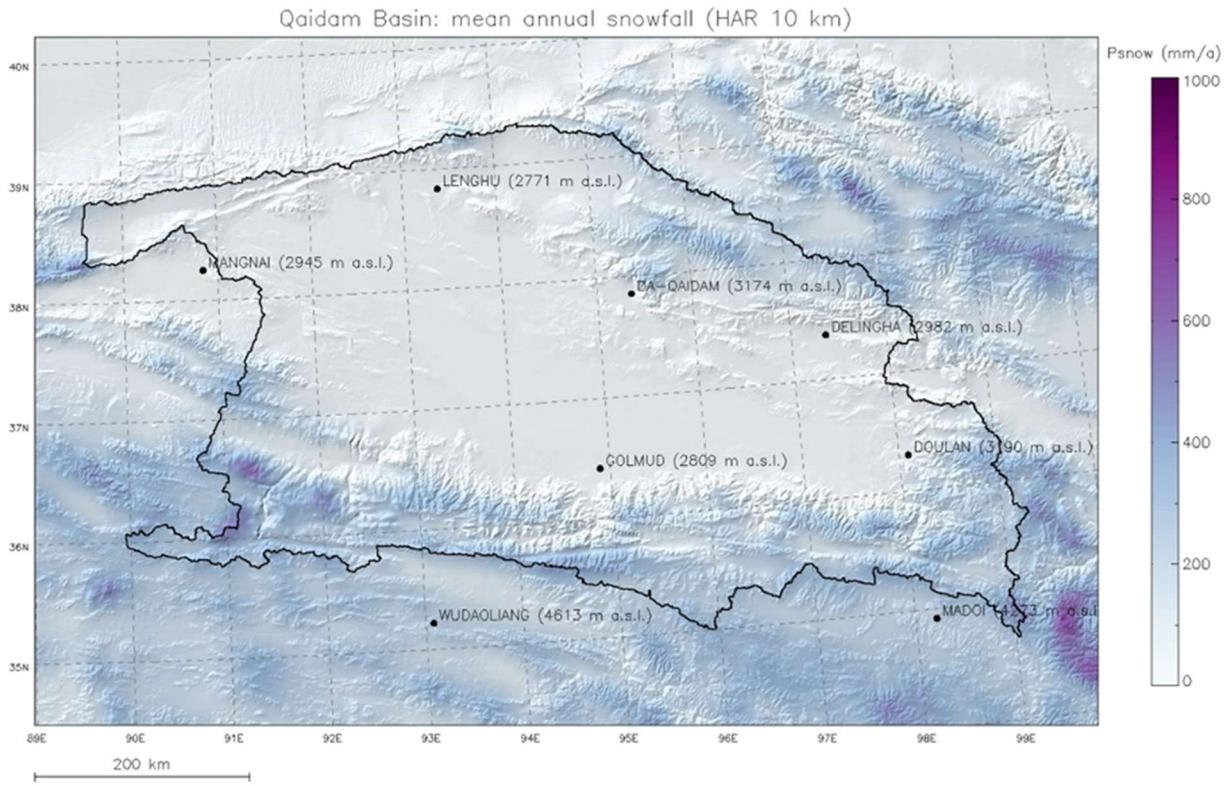


Figure S5: Mean annual snowfall during the study period of 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) for the Qaidam Basin (QB) and its surrounding regions derived from the HAR 10 km data set. Black line: boundary of the QB (Lehner and Grill, 2013). Topographic shading is based on DEM data from the SRTM. Black dots indicate the locations of the eight GSOD stations within or nearby the QB.

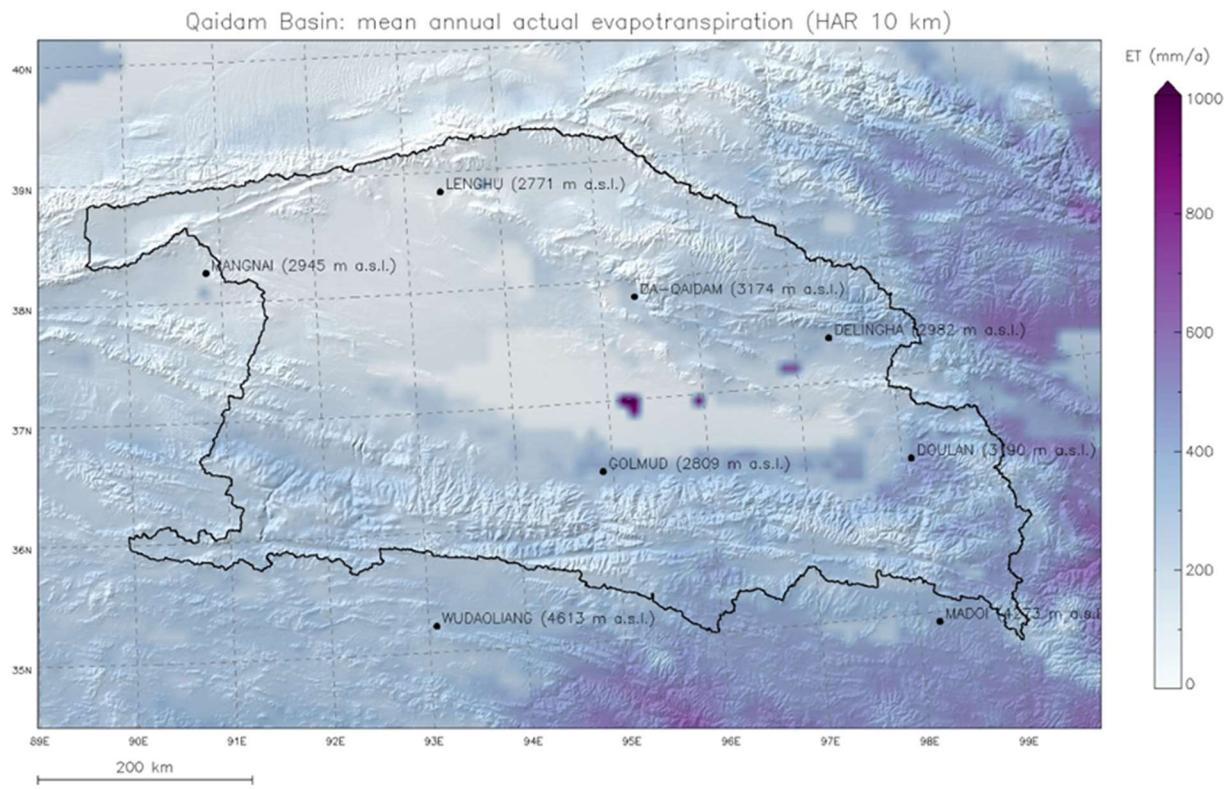


Figure S6: Mean annual actual evapotranspiration during the study period of 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) for the Qaidam Basin (QB) and its surrounding regions derived from the HAR 10 km data set. Black line: boundary of the QB (Lehner and Grill, 2013). Topographic shading is based on DEM data from the SRTM. Black dots indicate the locations of the eight GSOD stations within or nearby the QB.

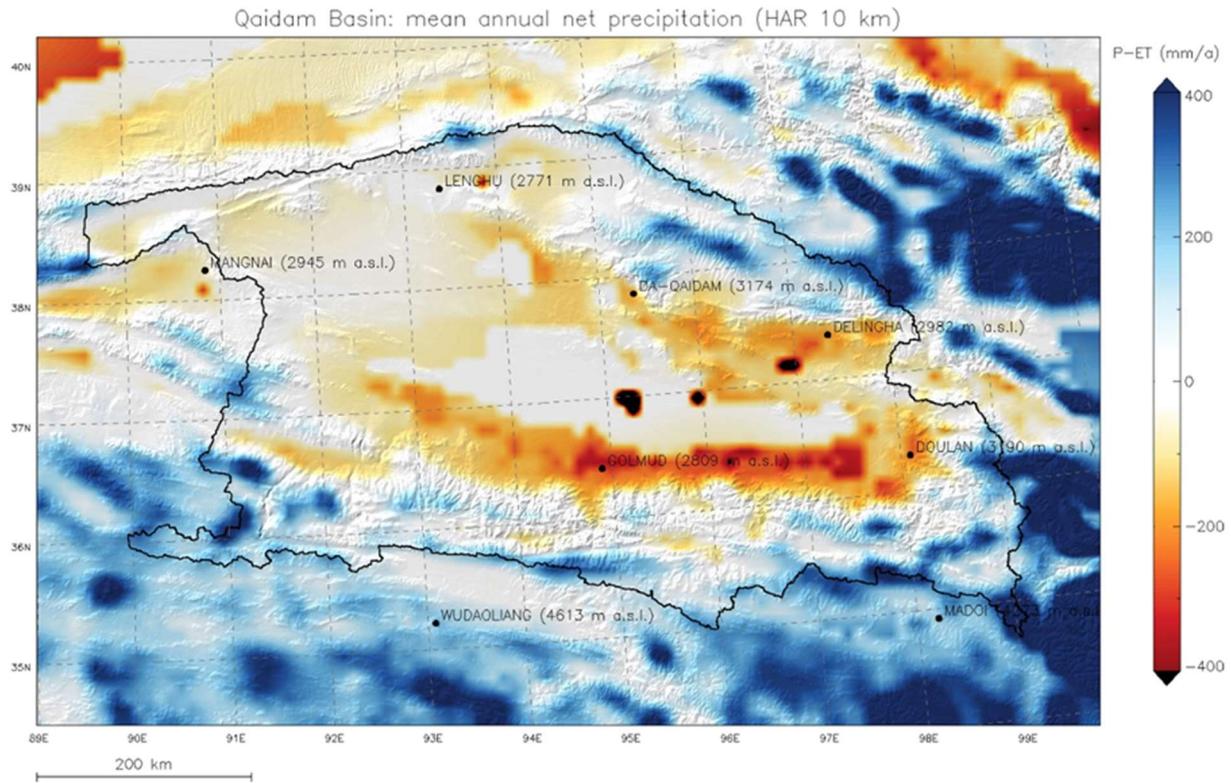


Figure S7: Mean annual net precipitation, i.e., precipitation P minus actual evapotranspiration ET , during the study period of 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) for the Qaidam Basin (QB) and its surrounding regions derived from the HAR 10 km data set. Black line: boundary of the QB (Lehner and Grill, 2013). Topographic shading is based on DEM data from the SRTM. Black dots indicate the locations of the eight GSOD stations within or nearby the QB.

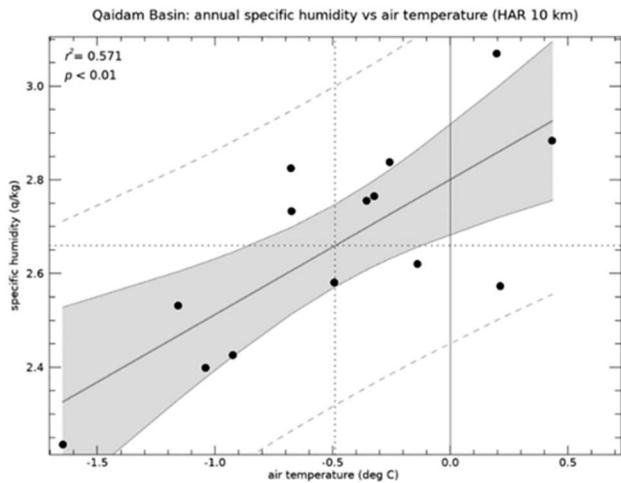


Figure S8: Specific humidity versus air temperature in the Qaidam Basin (QB) during the hydrological years 2001 to 2014 derived from the HAR 10 km data set. Dotted lines: mean annual values; solid lines: regression lines; light grey shades: confidence interval; dashed lines: prediction interval.

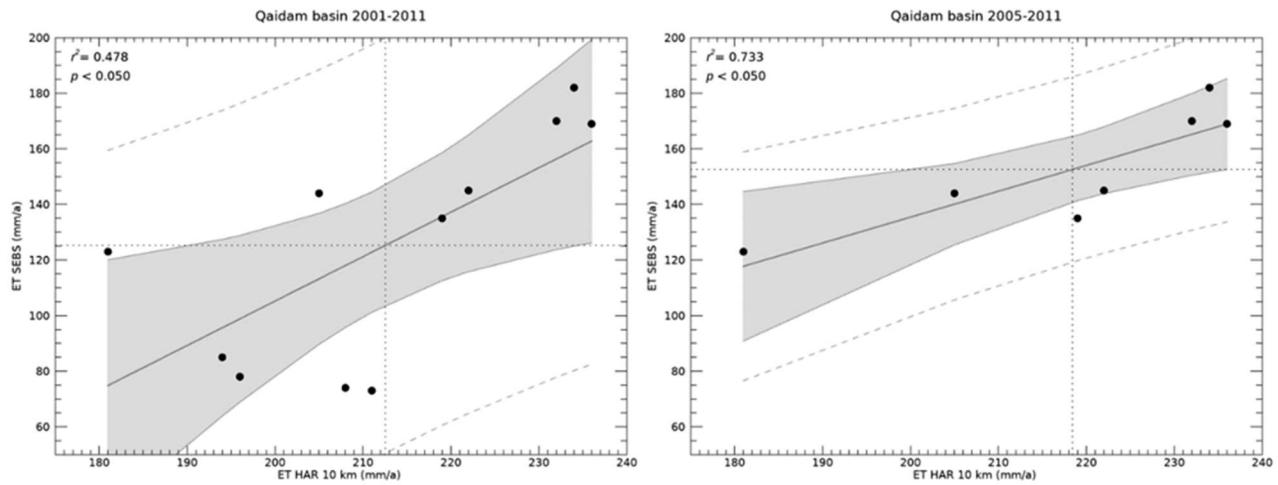


Figure S9: Annual actual evapotranspiration ET determined by the SEBS-based study of Jin et al. (2013) versus ET of the HAR 10 km data set in the Qaidam Basin (QB) for the calendar years 2001-2011 (left panel) and 2005-2011 (right panel). Dotted lines: mean annual values; solid lines: regression lines; light grey shades: confidence intervals; dashed lines: prediction intervals.

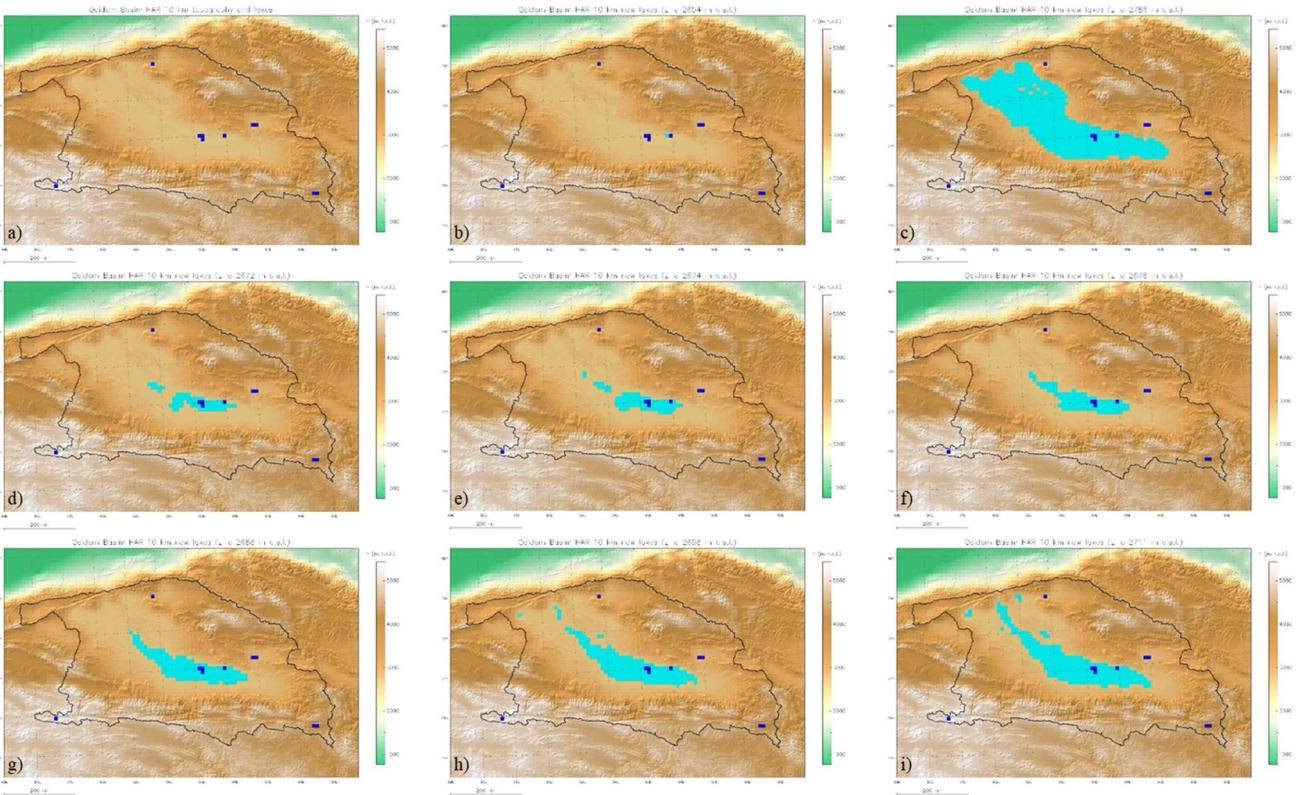


Figure S10: Panel a): present-day lake extent in the Qaidam Basin (QB) as represented in the HAR 10 km data set. Panels b) to i): illustrations of lake extents for different projections of equilibrium lake states using the present-day model topography of the HAR 10 km data set for accumulation of net precipitation in the QB and subsequent runoff originating from land in areas below equilibrium lake levels (marked in cyan). Equilibrium lake levels (cf. Table 3): panel b) 2654 m a.s.l. (one metre above lowest present-day level); panel c) maximum extent of the mega-lake system of approx. 59 000 km² as reported by Chen and Bowler (1986); 2786 m a.s.l.; panel d) 2672 m a.s.l. ($dP_{QB} = 50 \text{ mm/a}$; $ET_{lake} = 1000 \text{ mm/a}$); panel e) 2674 m a.s.l. ($dP_{QB} = 50 \text{ mm/a}$; $ET_{lake} = 800 \text{ mm/a}$); panel f) 2678 m a.s.l. ($dP_{QB} = 50 \text{ mm/a}$; $ET_{lake} = 600 \text{ mm/a}$); panel g) 2688 m a.s.l. ($dP_{QB} = 100 \text{ mm/a}$; $ET_{lake} = 1000 \text{ mm/a}$); panel h) 2698 m a.s.l. ($dP_{QB} = 100 \text{ mm/a}$; $ET_{lake} = 800 \text{ mm/a}$); panel i) 2711 m a.s.l. ($dP_{QB} = 100 \text{ mm/a}$; $ET_{lake} = 600 \text{ mm/a}$). Black line: boundary of the QB (Lehner and Grill, 2013). Blue: present-day lake extent (1000 km²) as represented in the HAR 10 km data set. Topographic shading is based on DEM data from the SRTM.

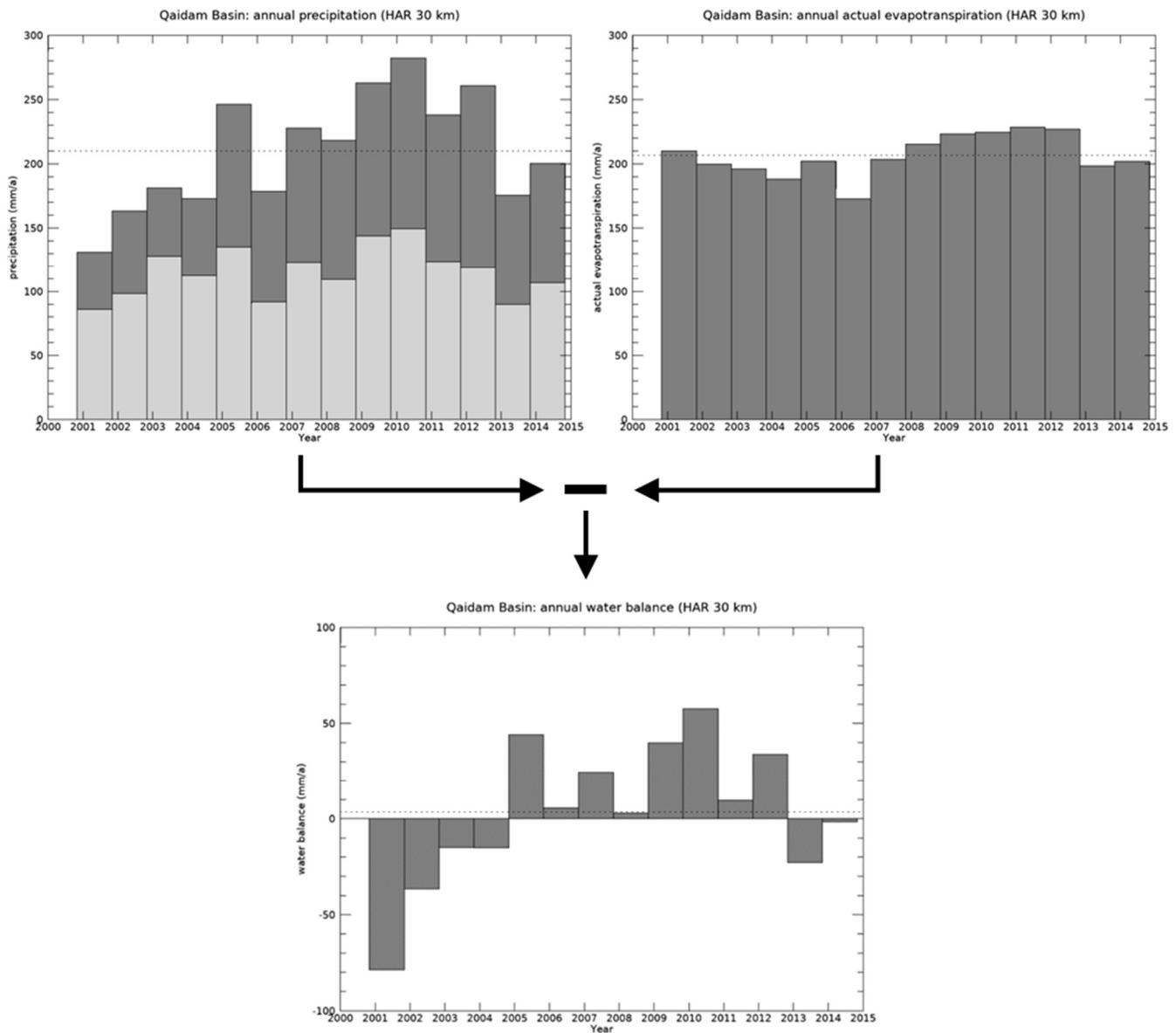


Figure S11: Annual precipitation (upper left panel), actual evapotranspiration (upper right panel), and water balance (lower panel) in the Qaidam Basin (QB) during the hydrological years 2001 to 2014 as in Fig. 2 but derived from the HAR 30 km data set. Upper left panel: light grey bars: annual snowfall; dark grey bars: annual rainfall. Dotted lines: mean annual values.

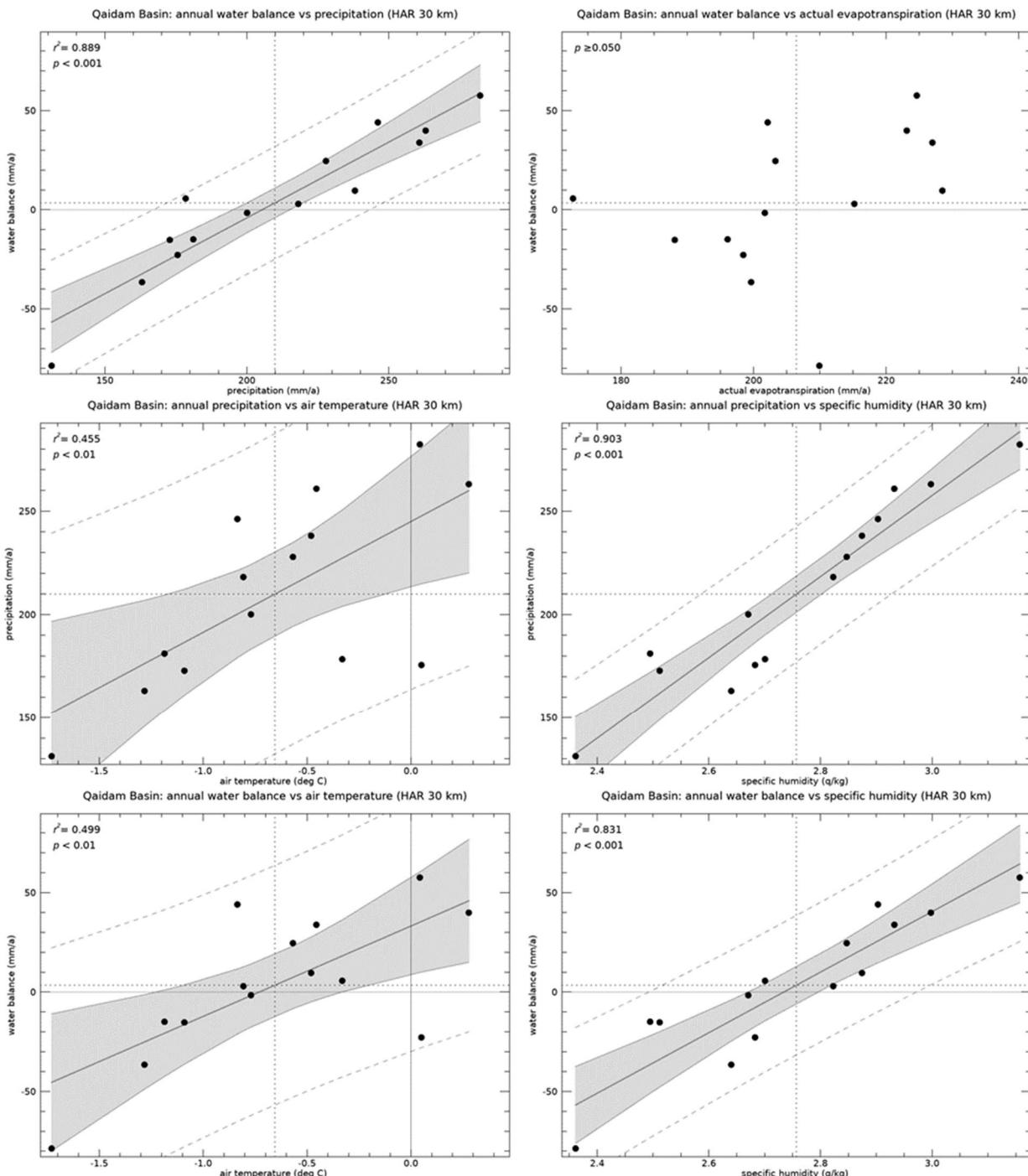


Figure S12: Water balance versus precipitation (upper left panel) and actual evapotranspiration (upper right panel); precipitation versus air temperature (middle left panel) and specific humidity (middle right panel); water balance versus air temperature (lower left panel) and specific humidity (lower right panel) in the Qaidam Basin (QB) during the hydrological years 2001 to 2014 as in Fig. 4 but derived from the HAR 30 km data set. Dotted lines: mean annual values; solid lines: regression lines; light grey shades: confidence intervals; dashed lines: prediction intervals.

2 Supplementary Tables

Table S2: Monthly and annual air temperature T (in deg C) in the Qaidam Basin (QB) during the 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) covered by the HAR 10 km data set.

T	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	year
2001	-2.0	-10.3	-14.2	-16.1	-11.5	-7.7	-1.8	3.5	9.4	13.3	10.6	6.5	-1.6
2002	-1.5	-8.3	-14.5	-16.7	-10.8	-6.6	1.0	4.1	9.9	12.4	11.6	5.1	-1.2
2003	-3.1	-9.5	-12.3	-13.2	-10.2	-5.9	0.2	3.9	9.2	11.2	10.6	6.1	-1.0
2004	-1.2	-7.4	-12.7	-14.9	-11.6	-4.3	1.4	4.1	8.4	11.2	10.3	5.3	-0.9
2005	-2.0	-10.6	-11.8	-13.1	-10.4	-4.8	-0.5	5.1	9.6	11.6	10.9	7.3	-0.7
2006	-0.9	-8.7	-13.4	-11.5	-8.5	-6.6	-0.7	5.1	9.7	13.0	12.9	7.7	-0.1
2007	0.8	-7.3	-13.7	-16.2	-10.0	-5.8	0.9	7.0	9.4	11.5	12.0	6.6	-0.4
2008	-0.6	-7.2	-11.7	-14.8	-14.9	-5.4	0.1	7.1	10.0	11.7	9.8	7.2	-0.7
2009	0.3	-7.3	-11.0	-12.8	-8.4	-5.0	2.6	5.3	10.2	12.1	10.7	8.0	0.4
2010	-0.6	-8.2	-12.6	-11.5	-8.9	-5.3	-0.8	5.4	9.8	13.9	12.8	7.7	0.2
2011	-0.2	-8.1	-14.3	-16.5	-8.8	-7.7	0.8	6.4	10.7	12.9	12.8	7.7	-0.3
2012	0.9	-5.6	-12.3	-17.9	-11.9	-6.8	0.1	6.4	10.7	12.7	12.6	7.6	-0.3
2013	-1.0	-9.1	-13.7	-15.2	-9.6	-2.5	1.3	6.3	11.5	12.9	13.8	7.4	0.2
2014	0.8	-10.3	-15.2	-14.1	-11.3	-4.4	-0.1	5.0	10.2	13.4	11.6	7.9	-0.5
mean	-0.7	-8.4	-13.1	-14.6	-10.5	-5.6	0.3	5.3	9.9	12.4	11.6	7.0	-0.5

Table S2: Monthly and annual specific humidity q (in g/kg) in the Qaidam Basin (QB) during the 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) covered by the HAR 10 km data set.

q	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	year
2001	1.9	1.2	1.0	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.8	2.3	3.1	4.2	4.7	3.8	2.2
2002	1.7	1.3	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.4	2.2	2.7	4.0	5.5	4.4	4.0	2.5
2003	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.4	1.7	2.4	2.5	3.5	4.0	4.3	3.1	2.4
2004	1.8	1.6	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.9	2.7	3.3	4.5	5.0	2.9	2.4
2005	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.2	1.9	1.9	2.8	4.2	6.2	5.7	4.0	2.8
2006	2.0	1.2	0.8	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.7	2.4	4.3	6.4	5.1	3.5	2.6
2007	2.2	1.5	1.0	0.7	1.2	1.7	2.0	2.5	4.4	5.5	5.9	4.3	2.8
2008	2.7	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.8	3.0	4.2	6.1	4.6	4.5	2.7
2009	2.6	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.0	2.9	4.1	6.1	4.8	5.3	2.9
2010	2.4	1.4	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.7	2.0	3.1	5.6	7.1	5.1	4.7	3.1
2011	2.6	1.3	0.9	0.7	1.3	1.3	2.0	3.2	4.8	5.4	5.6	4.0	2.8
2012	2.3	1.7	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.5	1.7	3.4	5.0	6.5	6.0	3.1	2.8
2013	1.9	1.1	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.6	3.2	4.5	5.9	5.2	3.3	2.6
2014	2.0	1.2	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.5	2.0	2.1	4.6	5.4	5.0	4.2	2.6
mean	2.2	1.4	1.0	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.9	2.8	4.3	5.6	5.1	3.9	2.7

Table S3: Monthly and annual precipitation P (in millimetres per month or millimetres per year) in the Qaidam Basin (QB) during the 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) covered by the HAR 10 km data set.

P	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	year
2001	5	4	6	3	3	3	19	16	17	11	20	15	122
2002	2	1	6	3	3	10	16	25	34	25	12	22	160
2003	5	3	6	4	8	17	28	23	19	21	26	10	171
2004	3	5	5	8	10	11	12	29	24	24	24	8	163
2005	6	4	8	3	7	13	9	27	29	55	39	26	229
2006	5	2	1	3	12	4	16	16	37	39	23	12	170
2007	8	3	2	1	5	14	14	20	59	35	28	33	222
2008	7	2	1	6	6	7	13	24	26	60	25	35	212
2009	13	5	6	6	9	14	11	44	20	57	33	38	256
2010	12	5	4	5	7	21	14	39	77	42	18	26	270
2011	11	1	3	3	6	12	14	35	49	29	35	22	221
2012	7	5	1	3	6	10	10	44	46	60	40	14	246
2013	12	4	4	3	7	2	7	30	24	41	18	23	174
2014	5	3	2	1	5	9	19	14	41	31	27	30	188
mean	7	3	4	4	7	11	15	28	36	38	26	23	200

80 **Table S4: Monthly and annual rainfall P_{rain} (in millimetres per month or millimetres per year) in the Qaidam Basin (QB) during the 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) covered by the HAR 10 km data set.**

P_{rain}	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	year
2001	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	7	10	13	8	45
2002	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	19	19	9	10	70
2003	0	0	0	0	0	1	7	5	8	12	15	3	52
2004	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	7	14	16	18	3	62
2005	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	8	15	42	28	12	110
2006	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	19	36	16	6	87
2007	2	1	0	0	0	1	5	5	31	26	24	16	110
2008	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	10	16	46	15	19	112
2009	3	0	0	0	0	1	3	13	11	44	23	27	126
2010	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	14	54	36	14	17	141
2011	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	10	33	22	30	12	113
2012	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	17	28	51	35	5	142
2013	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	11	18	33	16	9	93
2014	1	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	24	26	20	14	95
mean	1	0	0	0	1	1	4	9	21	30	19	12	97

Table S5: Monthly and annual snowfall P_{snow} (in millimetres per month or millimetres per year) in the Qaidam Basin (QB) during the 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) covered by the HAR 10 km data set.

P_{snow}	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	year
2001	4	4	6	3	3	2	16	13	10	1	7	7	77
2002	2	1	6	3	3	10	12	17	15	6	3	12	90
2003	5	3	6	4	8	16	21	18	11	9	11	7	119
2004	3	5	5	8	10	10	9	22	10	8	6	5	101
2005	6	4	8	3	6	12	7	19	14	13	11	14	119
2006	5	2	1	3	12	4	11	11	18	3	7	6	83
2007	6	2	2	1	5	13	9	15	28	9	4	17	112
2008	6	2	1	6	6	6	10	14	10	14	10	16	100
2009	10	5	6	6	9	13	8	31	9	13	10	11	130
2010	11	5	4	5	6	20	12	25	23	6	4	9	129
2011	10	1	3	3	5	11	11	25	16	7	5	10	108
2012	5	4	1	3	6	10	8	27	18	9	5	9	104
2013	10	4	4	3	7	1	5	19	6	8	2	14	81
2014	4	3	2	1	5	8	15	10	17	5	7	16	93
mean	6	3	4	4	6	10	11	19	15	8	7	11	103

85

Table S6: Monthly and annual actual evapotranspiration ET (in millimetres per month or millimetres per year) in the Qaidam Basin (QB) during the 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) covered by the HAR 10 km data set.

ET	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	year
2001	13	7	5	5	8	16	22	30	28	32	31	20	216
2002	10	5	4	4	8	14	18	26	33	34	27	20	204
2003	12	7	5	5	9	17	21	26	25	28	27	18	200
2004	10	6	4	5	8	14	17	25	25	30	32	17	193
2005	10	6	5	6	8	14	20	23	27	34	31	21	208
2006	11	6	4	6	7	10	13	19	27	34	25	17	179
2007	11	7	5	4	8	16	15	20	31	38	32	24	210
2008	17	8	6	5	7	13	18	22	30	35	37	23	222
2009	17	9	6	6	9	16	18	27	29	37	32	26	233
2010	16	10	6	7	9	17	20	23	36	39	30	20	234
2011	18	10	7	6	11	16	18	28	33	34	34	23	238
2012	16	10	5	4	9	17	20	32	32	34	36	21	238
2013	13	8	5	5	9	11	12	29	29	35	30	22	209
2014	14	8	4	6	8	13	24	21	24	34	31	23	212
mean	13	8	5	5	9	15	18	25	29	34	31	21	214

90 **Table S7: Monthly and annual water balance ΔS (in millimetres per month or millimetres per year) in the Qaidam Basin (QB)
during the 14 hydrological years (2001-2014) covered by the HAR 10 km data set.**

ΔS	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	year
2001	-8	-3	1	-2	-5	-13	-3	-13	-11	-21	-11	-5	-94
2002	-8	-4	2	-1	-4	-4	-2	-2	2	-9	-15	1	-44
2003	-6	-4	1	-1	-1	0	7	-2	-6	-7	-1	-8	-29
2004	-7	-1	1	3	2	-3	-5	3	-1	-6	-8	-9	-30
2005	-4	-2	3	-3	-2	-1	-11	4	2	21	8	5	21
2006	-6	-4	-2	-2	5	-6	3	-3	10	5	-3	-5	-10
2007	-3	-4	-3	-4	-3	-2	-2	0	29	-2	-4	10	11
2008	-10	-7	-4	1	-1	-7	-5	2	-5	25	-12	12	-10
2009	-5	-4	-1	0	0	-1	-7	17	-9	20	1	12	24
2010	-4	-5	-3	-2	-2	4	-6	16	42	3	-13	6	36
2011	-7	-9	-3	-3	-5	-4	-4	6	16	-5	1	-1	-17
2012	-9	-5	-4	-1	-3	-7	-10	12	14	26	3	-7	8
2013	-1	-4	-2	-2	-2	-9	-5	1	-5	6	-12	1	-35
2014	-9	-6	-3	-4	-3	-4	-5	-6	17	-3	-4	7	-24
mean	-6	-4	-1	-2	-2	-4	-4	2	7	4	-5	1	-14

95 **Table S8: Annual actual evapotranspiration ET in the Qaidam Basin (QB) during the calendar years 2001 to 2011 covered by both
the HAR 10 km data set and the SEBS data as published in Jin et al. (2013).**

ET (mm/a)	HAR 10 km	SEBS	Diff.
2001	211	73	138
2002	208	74	134
2003	196	78	118
2004	194	85	110
2005	205	144	61
2006	181	123	58
2007	219	135	84
2008	222	145	77
2009	232	170	62
2010	236	169	67
2011	234	182	52
2001-2011	213	125	87
2001-2004	202	77	125
2005-2011	218	153	66

Table S9: Mean monthly and annual air temperature T (in deg C), specific humidity q (in g/kg), precipitation P (in millimetres per month or millimetres per year), rainfall P_{rain} (in millimetres per month or millimetres per year), snowfall P_{snow} (in millimetres per month or millimetres per year), actual evapotranspiration ET (in millimetres per month or millimetres per year), and water balance $\Delta S = P - ET$ (in millimetres per month or millimetres per year) in the Qaidam Basin (QB) as in Table 1 but derived from the HAR 30 km data set; sigma: standard deviations of annual values for each quantity during the hydrological years 2001 to 2014.

month	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	year	sigma
T	-0.9	-8.6	-13.2	-14.8	-10.6	-5.9	0.1	5.2	9.8	12.3	11.5	6.7	-0.7	0.6
q	2.3	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.5	2.0	2.9	4.4	5.8	5.3	4.0	2.8	0.2
P	8	4	4	4	7	11	15	29	39	39	28	23	210	45
P_{rain}	1	1	0	0	0	1	4	8	22	29	19	11	95	30
P_{snow}	7	3	4	4	7	10	11	21	17	10	9	12	115	20
ET	13	8	5	6	9	14	18	24	28	32	29	20	206	16
ΔS	-5	-4	-1	-2	-1	-4	-3	5	11	7	-2	3	3	36

3 R Source code of the semi-empirical model for estimation of water-balance components in the Qaidam Basin

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105 #*****
# Semi-empirical model for computation of water balance components in the
# Qaidam Basin (QB) for different projections of lake extent (A.lake),
# precipitation change in entire QB (dP.QB) with respect to present-day
# precipitation (HAR 10 km), and mean rate of lake evaporation (ET.lake).
110 #
# Regard: increased lake extent with high volumes of total lake evaporation
# would lead to an additional increase in specific humidity, and thus enhance
# local recycling of water. This feedback process is not considered in the
# computations.
115 #
# The R function QB.ds provides estimates used in the 2nd revision of the
# manuscript "Scherer, D.: Survival of the Qaidam Mega-Lake System under
# Mid-Pliocene Climates and its Restoration under Future Climates",
# submitted to HESS in June 2020.
120 #
# All quantities are expressed as mean annual values. The following
# abbreviations are used in the R code for naming of variables:
#
125 # Quantities:
#   A:    area (extent) (km^2)
#   P:    precipitation (mm/a)
#   ET:   actual evapotranspiration (mm/a)
#   P.net: net precipitation (P - ET) (mm/a)
#   R:    runoff from land areas into lakes (mm/a)
#   ds:   change in water storage (water balance) (mm/a)
#
130 # Subscripts:
#   QB:  Qaidam Basin (entire drainage basin)
#   PD:  present-day (as represented in the HAR 10 km data set)
#   nml: no mega-lake projection (present-day lake extent as in HAR 10 km)
#   land: land area of QB
#   lake: lake area of QB
#   low:  low-altitude areas in the QB (z < 2.8 km a.s.l.)
#   gw:   groundwater
#
135 # Results of the computations are returned in a R data frame.
#
# Author:      Dieter Scherer, Technische Universitaet Berlin, Germany
# Last update: 18.06.2020
#
140 #*****
QB.ds <- function(A.lake, dP.QB, ET.lake) {
150   #*****
# Quantities regarded not to change significantly over time
#*****
155   A.QB <- 254000 # km^2; total area (A) of entire QB
#
# Sensitivities from HAR 10 km analysis
#
dET.dP.QB <- 0.2748 # sensitivity of ET to changes in P averaged over entire QB
dds.dp.QB <- 0.7252 # sensitivity of dS to changes in P averaged over entire QB
160 #
#*****
# Quantities for present day (PD) from HAR 10 km
#*****
165   A.lake.PD <- 1000 # km^2; present-day lake area (no mega-lake system)
#
P.QB.PD  <- 200 # mm/a; P averaged over entire QB
P.low.PD <- 40 # mm/a; P averaged over lower altitudes (z < 2.8 km a.s.l.)
170   ET.QB.PD <- 214 # mm/a; ET averaged over entire QB
#
dS.QB.PD <- P.QB.PD - ET.QB.PD # mm/a; dS (= P.net) averaged over entire QB
#
#*****
# Projected changes
#*****
175   A.land <- A.QB - A.lake # km^2; land area of QB
180   #
# Changes in P are assumed to uniformly take place at all altitudes
#
P.QB     <- P.QB.PD + dP.QB # mm/a; P averaged over entire QB
P.low    <- P.low.PD + dP.QB # mm/a; P averaged over lower altitudes (< 2.8 km a.s.l.)
P.lake   <- P.low           # mm/a; mega-lake system forms at lower altitudes
185   P.land  <- (P.QB*A.QB-P.lake*A.lake)/A.land # mm/a; P averaged over land area

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# Changes for projection for QB with lake extent for PD (no mega-lake system)
190 P.QB.nml <- P.QB # mm/a; P averaged over entire QB
dS.QB.nml <- dS.QB.PD + ddS.dP.QB*dP.QB # mm/a; dS averaged over entire QB
ET.QB.nml <- P.QB.nml - dS.QB.nml # mm/a; ET averaged over entire QB
#ET.QB.nml <- ET.QB.PD + dET.dP.QB*dP.QB # mm/a; ET averaged over entire QB

# Changes in ET, net P (P-ET) and ds
195 ET.land <- (ET.QB.nml*A.QB-ET.lake*A.lake.PD)/A.land # mm/a; ET averaged over land area
ET.QB <- (ET.land*A.land+ET.lake*A.lake)/A.QB # mm/a; ET averaged over entire QB

#net.lake <- P.lake - ET.lake # mm/a; P.net averaged over mega-lake system
200 P.net.land <- P.land - ET.land # mm/a; P.net averaged over land area
P.net.QB <- P.QB - ET.QB # mm/a; P.net averaged over entire QB

dS.QB <- P.net.QB # mm/a; dS (= P.net) averaged over entire QB

# Estimate change in (mega-)lake system
205 if (P.net.land >= 0) {
  R.gw <- 0 # mm/a; no groundwater recharge (aquifers are considered to be filled)
  R.lake <- P.net.land*A.land/A.lake # mm/a; runoff from land area into lakes
} else {
  R.gw <- P.net.land # mm/a; all water losses are due to groundwater discharge
  R.lake <- 0 # mm/a; no runoff from land area into lakes
}

215 dS.lake <- P.net.lake + R.lake # mm/a; change in lake water storage

# Return results as data frame
220 results <- data.frame(A.QB, A.land, A.lake, dP.QB, P.QB, P.land, P.lake,
                        ET.QB, ET.land, ET.lake, P.net.land, P.net.lake,
                        dS.QB, R.lake, dS.lake)

225 return(results)
}

*****#
# Values used in the Qaidam Basin study
*****#
230 # Projections for changes in precipitation

dP.QB.1 <- 100 # mm/a; upper estimate from HAR analysis: projection 1
dP.QB.2 <- 50 # mm/a; lower estimate from HAR analysis: projection 2

# Projections for mean rates of lake evaporation

ET.lake.a <- 600 # mm/a; lower estimate from HAR analysis (mean ET.lake in HAR: 650 mm/a): projection a
ET.lake.b <- 800 # mm/a; medium estimate from literature and HAR analysis: projection b
ET.lake.c <- 1000 # mm/a; upper estimate from HAR analysis: projection c

# Approximate equilibrium requirements for changes in precipitation and mean rates of lake evaporation

240 dP.QB.mle.a <- 210 # mm/a; required for sustaining maximum extent of mega-lake system (for ET.lake.a)
dP.QB.mle.b <- 270 # mm/a; required for sustaining maximum extent of mega-lake system (for ET.lake.b)
dP.QB.mle.c <- 330 # mm/a; required for sustaining maximum extent of mega-lake system (for ET.lake.c)

dP.QB.HAR <- 19.3 # mm/a; required for sustaining HAR lake extent (identical for ET.lake.a, ET.lake.b, and ET.lake.c)

250 ET.lake.mle.1 <- 260 # mm/a; required for sustaining maximum extent of mega-lake system (for dP.QB.1)
ET.lake.mle.2 <- 110 # mm/a; required for sustaining maximum extent of mega-lake system (for dP.QB.2)

# Lake extent either taken from HAR data and literature, or computed as equilibrium values by the semi-empirical model

255 A.lake.mle <- 59000 # km^2; maximum extent of mega-lake system from literature (HAR10: z <= 2786 m, A = 59200 km^2)
A.lake.1a <- 25773 # km^2; approximate sustainable mega-lake extent for projection 1a (HAR10: z <= 2711 m, A = 25900 km^2)
A.lake.1b <- 19580 # km^2; approximate sustainable mega-lake extent for projection 1b (HAR10: z <= 2698 m, A = 19700 km^2)
A.lake.1c <- 15864 # km^2; approximate sustainable mega-lake extent for projection 1c (HAR10: z <= 2688 m, A = 15800 km^2)
A.lake.2a <- 10423 # km^2; approximate sustainable mega-lake extent for projection 2a (HAR10: z <= 2678 m, A = 10800 km^2)
A.lake.2b <- 8067 # km^2; approximate sustainable mega-lake extent for projection 2b (HAR10: z <= 2674 m, A = 8500 km^2)
A.lake.2c <- 6654 # km^2; approximate sustainable mega-lake extent for projection 2c (HAR10: z <= 2672 m, A = 6800 km^2)
A.lake.PD <- 1046 # km^2; present-day lake extent from literature (HAR10: z <= 2654 m, A = 1100 km^2)
A.lake.HAR <- 1000 # km^2; present-day lake extent as in HAR 10 km (HAR10: z <= 2653 m, A = 1000 km^2)

265 *****#
# Example computation (as template for own computations)
*****#
results <- QB.ds(A.lake=A.lake.1a, dP.QB=dP.QB.1, ET.lake=ET.lake.a)

```